CITY OF LINCOLN CITY Lincoln City, Oregon

Annual Financial Report

Year Ended June 30, 2022

CITY COUNCIL

JUNE 30, 2022

	<u>Term Expires</u>
Susan Wahlke (Mayor) City of Lincoln City PO Box 50 Lincoln City, Oregon 97367	December 31, 2022
Mitch Parsons City of Lincoln City PO Box 50 Lincoln City, Oregon 97367	December 31, 2022
Sydney Kasner City of Lincoln City PO Box 50 Lincoln City, Oregon 97367	December 31, 2022
Rick Mark City of Lincoln City PO Box 50 Lincoln City, Oregon 97367	December 31, 2022
Elaine Starmer City of Lincoln City PO Box 50 Lincoln City, Oregon 97367	December 31, 2024
Dennis "Riley" Hoagland City of Lincoln City PO Box 50 Lincoln City, Oregon 97367	December 31, 2024
Judy Casper City of Lincoln City PO Box 50 Lincoln City, Oregon 97367	December 31, 2024

City Manager

Daphnee Legarza

Finance Director

Debbie Bridges

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INDEPENDENT A DIT EP T



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Lincoln City Lincoln City, Oregon

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lincoln City, Oregon (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (Continued)

misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) and the Pension and OPEB schedules, as listed in the Table of Contents in the Required Supplementary Information section, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information for the General Fund, the Explore Lincoln City Fund, and the Parks and Recreation Fund, listed in the Table of Contents as Required Supplementary Information, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. This budgetary comparison information is the responsibility of

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (Continued)

management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the budgetary comparison information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The information listed in the Table of Contents as Other Supplementary Information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Other Supplementary Information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual financial report. The other information comprises the Additional Schedules, as listed in the Table of Contents, but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Oregon Minimum Standards

In accordance with *Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*, we have also issued our report dated January 31, 2023, on our consideration of the City's compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on compliance.

Timothy R Gillith

For Talbot, Korvola & Warwick, LLP Portland, Oregon January 31, 2023

MANAGEMENT'S S SS ON AN ANALYS S

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This discussion and analysis presents the highlights of financial activities and financial position for the City of Lincoln City (City) and the Lincoln City Urban Renewal Agency (Agency), a component unit of the City, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The analysis focuses on significant financial issues, major financial activities and resulting changes in financial position, budget changes and variances from the budget. Please read this analysis in conjunction with the City's financial statements, which follow.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The City's combined net position (total assets and deferred outflows less total liabilities and deferred inflows) was \$143,025,844 at June 30, 2022, an increase of \$7,539,493 (or 5.6%) over the prior year's net position. The City's General Fund reported an ending fund balance of \$13,238,867, an increase of \$423,420 (or 3.3%) over the prior year's fund balance. General fund revenues have been steady; Transient Room Tax revenue increased by 9.2%.

REPORT LAYOUT

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Lincoln City's basic financial statements. The City's annual financial report consists of several sections. Taken together, they provide a comprehensive financial look at the City. The components of the report include the following:

Independent auditor's report

Management's discussion and analysis (this report)

Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private sector business, and use the accrual basis of accounting.

- The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the difference between assets plus deferred outflows and liabilities plus deferred inflows being reported as net position. Net position is separated into net investment in capital assets, amounts restricted for specific purposes, and unrestricted amounts. This statement focuses on resources available for future operations.
- The Statement of Activities presents revenue and expense information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. This statement focuses on gross and net costs of City programs and the extent to which such programs rely upon general tax and other revenues.

Fund financial statements

Fund financial statements focus separately on major governmental funds and proprietary funds (water/sewer). Governmental fund statements follow the more traditional presentation of financial statements. The City's major governmental funds are presented in their own column and the remaining funds are combined into a column titled "Other Governmental funds." This section also includes reconciliations of the fund statements to the government-wide statements.

Statements for the City's proprietary funds include the Statement of Net Position, the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position, and the Statement of Cash Flows.

The City is the trustee, or fiduciary, for certain funds. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the City's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of net position. These activities are excluded from the City's government-wide financial statements because the City cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

Notes to basic financial statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional disclosures required by governmental accounting standards and provide information to assist the reader in understanding the City's financial condition.

Required supplementary information

The schedule of changes in the City's total OPEB liability and related ratios for Health Insurance Continuation, the schedule of proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset)/(liability) for the OPERS Retirement Health Insurance Account (RHIA), the schedule of contributions for RHIA, the schedule of proportionate share of net pension (asset)/liability, and the schedule of pension plan contributions is included in this section. These schedules report additional pension and OPEB detail.

Budget information for the general and major special revenue funds is also included in this section. These schedules report revenues, expenditures, changes in fund balances, and related budgetary information.

Other supplementary information

This section includes combining balance sheets, revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances, and budgetary information for the non-major governmental funds, which includes non-major special revenue funds, debt service funds, and capital projects funds. Following the governmental fund schedules are revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances, budgetary information, and reconciliation of revenues and expenditure to changes in fund net position for the City's proprietary funds. Also included are revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the City's internal service fund. Next are the combining balance sheets, revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances, and budgetary information for the City's general fund, followed by a combining statement of assets and liabilities for the City's fiduciary funds.

Additional schedules

This section contains property tax information, and annual disclosure information in conformance with SEC Rule 15c2-12, and System Development Charges in accordance with ORS 223.311.

Independent auditor's report on compliance and internal control over financial reporting based on an audit of financial statements performed in accordance with Oregon state regulations. Supplemental communication on City compliance and internal controls as required by Oregon statutes.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

The City's combined net position (total assets and deferred outflows less total liabilities and deferred inflows) was \$143,025,844 at June 30, 2022, an increase of \$7,539,493 (or 5.6%) over the prior year's net position.

Table 1 NET POSITION

		June 30, 2022					
	Governmental	overnmental Business-type		Governmental	Business-type		
	Activities	Activities	Totals	Activities	Activities	Totals	
Assets:							
Cash and investments	\$ 28,090,433	\$ 11,372,685	\$ 39,463,118	\$ 23,761,878	\$ 7,805,825	\$ 31,567,703	
Receivables, net	5,275,746	1,362,013	6,637,759	5,746,798	1,200,874	6,947,672	
Internal balances	102,893	(102,893)	-	153,239	(153,239)	-	
Lease receivables	2,401,357	-	2,401,357	-	-	-	
Prepaids and other	590,502	30,015	620,517	988,541	23,383	1,011,924	
Inventories	-	210,011	210,011	-	213,066	213,066	
Land held for sale	1,954,487	-	1,954,487	1,954,487	-	1,954,487	
Capital assets net	81,365,478	46,129,239	127,494,717	82,125,027	47,359,004	129,484,031	
Total assets	119,780,896	59,001,070	178,781,966	114,729,970	56,448,913	171,178,883	
Deferred outflow of resources:							
Deferred amts related to pensions Deferred amts related to OPEB	5,380,631 92,003	1,265,874 21,749	6,646,505 113,752	6,013,881 102,598	1,526,253 26,416	7,540,134 129,014	
Total deferred outflow of resources	5,472,634	1,287,623	6,760,257	6,116,479	1,552,669	7,669,148	
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable and							
accrued expenses	2,451,920	490,992	2,942,912	2,389,081	372,742	2,761,823	
Landfill closure and							
postclosure care costs	350,499	-	350,499	450,869	-	450,869	
Net other postemployment obligations	444,371	105,053	549,424	407,157	104,825	511,982	
Net pension liability	6,790,199	1,597,496	8,387,695	12,932,086	3,282,014	16,214,100	
Long-term obligations	10,074,094	10,687,333	20,761,427	10,305,314	12,511,848	22,817,162	
Total liabilities	20,111,083	12,880,874	32,991,957	26,484,507	16,271,429	42,755,936	
Deferred inflow of resources:							
Deferred amounts related to pensions	5,689,239	1,338,477	7,027,716	376,445	95,538	471,983	
Deferred amounts related to OPEB	108,890	25,742	134,632	106,375	27,386	133,761	
Deferred lease resources	2,362,074		2,362,074				
Total deferred inflow of resources	8,160,203	1,364,219	9,524,422	482,820	122,924	605,744	
Net position:							
Net investment in capital assets	71,470,487	35,441,906	106,912,393	72,021,224	34,847,156	106,868,380	
Restricted	17,585,853	9,741,483	27,327,336	14,292,609	6,780,626	21,073,235	
Unrestricted	7,925,904	860,211	8,786,115	7,565,289	(20,553)	7,544,736	
Total net position	\$ 96,982,244	\$ 46,043,600	\$ 143,025,844	<u>\$ 93,879,122</u>	\$ 41,607,229	\$ 135,486,351	

Approximately 75.0% of the City's total net position is invested in capital assets. 11.5% of the City's net position is restricted for capital improvements (\$16,490,780), including proceeds from system development charges. \$172,118 (0.1%) is restricted for repayment of outstanding debt. \$8,786,115 (6.1%) of the City's net position is unrestricted and represents resources available to fund the programs of the City.

Changes in Net Position. The City's total revenues were \$37,389,385, an increase of 3.8% from the prior year. Of the City's total revenue, \$9,668,621 (or 25.9%) is from property taxes, \$10,541,426 (or 28.2%) is from transient room taxes, \$11,349,603 (or 30.3%) is from charges for services and \$5,829,735 (or 15.6%) is from grants, interest earnings, franchise fees, and other non-tax sources. More detailed information is presented in table 2 below.

	Year Ended June 30, 2022					Year Ended June 30, 2021						
	Gove	ernmental	В	usiness-type			G	overnmental	В	usiness-type		
	A	ctivities		Activities		Totals		Activities		Activities		Totals
Program revenues:												
Charges for services	\$ 2	2,141,919	\$	9,207,684	\$	11,349,603	\$	1,745,140	\$	8,215,513	\$	9,960,653
Operating grants and contributions		825,232		1,075,336		1,900,568		1,318,509		20,644		1,339,153
Capital grants and contributions		1,505,665		506,261		2,011,926		2,642,404		464,056		3,106,460
General revenues:												
Property taxes, general purposes	-	7,992,536		-		7,992,536		7,495,630		-		7,495,630
Property taxes, debt service		34,305		1,641,780		1,676,085		784,458		1,561,469		2,345,927
Franchise fees		1,095,183		-		1,095,183		1,081,537		-		1,081,537
Transient room taxes	1(0,541,426		-		10,541,426		9,655,683		-		9,655,683
Other		859,193		(37,135)		822,058		798,485		233,926		1,032,411
Total program and general												
revenues	24	4,995,459		12,393,926		37,389,385		25,521,846		10,495,608		36,017,454
Program expenses:												
General government	į	5,632,511		-		5,632,511		4,654,630		-		4,654,630
Public safety	(6,142,150		-		6,142,150		6,684,827		-		6,684,827
Highways and streets	2	2,843,194		-		2,843,194		2,735,330		-		2,735,330
Cultural and recreation	į	5,633,276		-		5,633,276		5,529,477		-		5,529,477
Art and education		-		-		-		111		-		111
Water and sewer		-		9,192,321		9,192,321		-		9,640,787		9,640,787
Interest on long-term debt		406,440		<u> </u>		406,440		391,809		<u> </u>		391,809
Total program expenses	20	0,657,571		9,192,321		29,849,892		19,996,184		9,640,787		29,636,971
Increase (decrease) in net position												
before transfers	4	4,337,888		3,201,605		7,539,493		5,525,662		854,821		6,380,483
Transfers	(<u>1,234,766)</u>		1,234,766		<u>-</u>		73,168		(73,168)		<u>-</u>
Change in net position		3,103,122		4,436,371		7,539,493		5,598,830		781,653		6,380,483
Net Position - starting	93	3,879,122		41,607,229		135,486,351		88,280,292		40,825,576		129,105,868
Net position - ending	\$ 90	6,982,244	\$	46,043,600	\$	143,025,844	\$	93,879,122	\$	41,607,229	\$	135,486,351

Table 2 CHANGE IN NET POSITION

The total cost of all programs and services was \$29,849,892, an increase of \$212,921 (or 0.7%) from the prior year. Expenses for Governmental Activities increased by 3.3% while expenses for Business-Type Activities decreased by 4.7%. Of the total costs, \$9,192,321 (or 30.8%) was for Business-type Activities, and \$20,657,571 (or 69.2%) was for general government, public safety, highways and streets, cultural and recreation, and interest.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

Governmental Funds

The City's General Fund reported an ending fund balance of \$13,238,867, an increase of \$423,420 (or 3.3%) over the prior year's fund balance. Total General fund revenues increased by 6.0% from the prior fiscal year, while General fund expenditures increased by 9.7%.

Transient Room Taxes (TRT) are a significant source of revenue for governmental funds, and they are an important indicator of how the local economy is doing. TRT revenues increased by \$885,743 (or 9.2%) from the prior fiscal year, indicating a significant improvement from the COVID impact of prior years.

Business-type Activities

The City's Water funds reported an ending net position of \$22,475,331, an increase of \$898,970 (or 4.2%) over the prior fiscal year's ending net position. Charges for Services increased by \$534,717 (or 14.0%). Water rates were increased by 4% for the fiscal year. The increase in water charges for services is both a reflection of the increased rates, and improved tourism activity.

The City's Sewer funds reported an ending net position of \$23,568,269, an increase of \$3,537,401 (or 17.7%) over the previous fiscal year's ending net position. Charges for Services increased by \$457,454 (or 10.4%). Sewer rates were increased by 4% for the fiscal year. The increase in sewer charges for services is both a reflection of increased rates, and improved tourism activity. The increase in ending net position was also a result of a \$1.2 million transfer from the General fund to the Sewer construction fund, for emergency construction work on the NW Jetty force main.

System development charges (SDC) for both the Water and Sewer funds are generated from new building activity and are a reflection of changes in new construction occurring within the City. Water system development charges increased by \$28,700 (or 17.8%). Sewer system development charges increased by \$13,505 (or 4.5%).

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

City Council approved one change to the fiscal year 2021-22 General Fund adopted budget. These changes re-categorized operating expenditures to reflect actual spending patterns. It also added a transfer of fund to the Sewer Capital fund of \$1.2 million to finance emergency repair and construction on the NW Jetty force main.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

At the end of fiscal year 2021-22, the City had capital assets totaling \$127,494,717 in a broad range of categories, including land, infrastructure, equipment, buildings and vehicles. This amount represents a net decrease (including additions and deductions) of \$1,989,314 (or 1.5%). More detailed information is presented in note 5 of the notes to basic financial statements.

		-	Table 3								
CHANGE IN CAPITAL ASSETS											
	Governmental	Business-type		Governmental	Business-type						
	Activities	Activities	Totals	Activities	Activities	Totals					
Beginning balance	\$ 82,125,027	\$47,359,004	\$129,484,031	\$80,684,222	\$ 50,453,371	\$131,137,593					
GASB87 beg balance	11,487	4,750	16,237	-	-	-					
Additions	2,925,736	2,051,089	4,976,825	4,630,220	154,778	4,784,998					
Transfers	(107,004)	107,004	-	-	-	-					
Retirements	(1,601,773)	(2,034,756)	(3,636,529)	(2,033,116)	(553,122)	(2,586,238)					
Amortization, net	(5,076)	(1,212)	(6,288)	-	-	-					
Depreciation, net	(1,982,919)	(1,356,640)	(3,339,559)	(1,156,299)	(2,696,023)	(3,852,322)					
Ending balance	<u>\$81,365,478</u>	\$46,129,239	<u>\$127,494,717</u>	\$82,125,027	<u>\$ 47,359,004</u>	<u>\$129,484,031</u>					

Governmental Activities

Additions to capital assets from governmental activities totaled \$2,925,736. These additions included: (1) Construction of NE Sidewalk Hwy 101 to Oar \$782,925, (2) Lincoln Square Parking lot improvements \$327,436, (3) Hwy 101 WDLR to Neotsu Sidewalk \$295,115, (4) Construction on High School Drive \$206,512, (5) Police Parking lot \$188,304, and (6) City Hall HVAC controls upgrade \$143,379

Business-type Activities

Additions to capital assets from business-type activities totaled \$2,051,089. These additions included (1) NW Jetty Force Main \$608,530, (2) Water Treatment Plant generator \$438,847, (3) Wastewater Treatment Plant Screw Press \$387,012, (4) SE Oar/19th & Lee Pumpstation \$139,858, and (5) Spyglass Pumpstation upgrade \$135,242,

LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

At the end of fiscal year 2021-22, the City had \$20,761,427 in outstanding debt, a decrease of \$2,055,735 (9.0%) relative to the prior year.

Governmental Activities

The City entered into debt financing for the purchase of a copier. This lease has a term of 3 years and has a net present value of \$7,685. The City made all scheduled principal and interest payments as required.

Business-type Activities

The City did not issue any new debt for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022 and made all scheduled principal and interest payments as required.

As of June 30, 2022, the City's Series 2013 Sewer Bonds carry a Moody's Aa3 rating. See additional schedules for the annual disclosure statement in conformance with SEC Rule 15c2-12.

For additional information on the City's long-term outstanding obligations, see note 7 of the notes to basic financial statements.

	Ju	une 30, 2022	Ju	ine 30, 2021
Governmental:				
Full Faith and Credit Bond Series 2018	\$	9,915,000	\$	10,125,000
Full Faith and Credit Bond Premium Series 2018		138,672		180,314
Contracts Payable - Police Copier		6,498		-
Total governmental activities		10,060,170		10,305,314
Business-type:				
General Obligation Bonds				
Sewer Bonds - Series 2011		2,165,574		2,689,264
Sewer Bonds - Series 2013		7,335,000		8,130,000
Full Faith and Credit Note Series 2014		865,000		1,285,000
Contract Payable - Sewer Vactor		168,020		214,134
Contract Payable - Water Hydro		149,877		193,450
Total business-type activities		10,683,471		12,511,848
Total long-term obligations, Bonds	\$	20,743,641	\$	22,817,162

Table 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The City implemented GASB 87 in fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. Leases payable are as follows:

	G/ Be			
	B	alance	June	e 30, 2022
Governmental:				
Public works copier (1/3 of lease)	\$	2,375	\$	1,931
Explore Lincoln City postage machine		6,952		6,383
City Hall postage machine		9,112		5,610
Total governmental activities		18,439		13,924
Business-type:				
Public works copier (2/3 of lease)		4,749		3,862
Total business-type activities		4,749		3,862
Total long-term obligations	\$	23,188	\$	17,786

ECONOMIC FACTORS, NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

Property taxes comprise 58.9% of the City's General Fund revenue (excluding beginning fund balances and transfers in). Since 1997 increases in taxable assessed values have been limited by state statute to an increase of 3% a year plus the value of new construction. The City's projected General Fund revenue for fiscal year 22-23 is \$14,472,211 and expenditures are budgeted at \$14,751,801, resulting in a \$279,590 decrease to fund balance. The projected ending General Fund reserves for fiscal year 2022-23 total \$9,231,811 (or 62.6% of budgeted expenditures).

The City made a significant increase to pay for the next FY2022-23. In response to inflation and as a result of union negotiations, the City increased its pay grades by 5%, and also gave a COLA of 3.5%. In addition, in July 2022, the City made a one-time COVID cash-out for all benefited employees. Neither the increase in pay grades nor the COVID cash-out were budgeted for, and will decrease the projected ending General Fund reserves for FY2022-23.

Another major source of revenue for governmental activities is the Transient Room Tax (TRT). These revenues had dropped significantly in FY2019-20, but have returned to even higher levels than prior years in FY2021-2022. Transient Room Taxes are budgeted to increase by 3.9% in FY2022-23 (budget to year end estimate).

Business-type Activities

The majority of revenue for business-type activities is from user charges and system development charges. Water rates were budgeted to increase by 6% and sewer rates were budgeted to increase by 6% for fiscal year 2022-23. In prior years the utility rate increase had been around 4%, the higher rate increase in FY2022-23 was necessary in response to inflation of supply and services costs.

For fiscal year 2022-23, the City's Water Capital funds have budgeted \$3,300,000 in capital outlay for water system upgrades and replacements, with another \$1,561,544 in capital reserves.

For fiscal year 2022-23, the City's Wastewater Capital funds has budgeted \$6,134,000 in capital outlay for sewer system upgrades and replacements, with another \$2,343,485 in capital reserves.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

The City's financial statements are designed to present users (citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors) with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability. If you have questions about the report or need additional information, please contact the City's Finance Director at City Hall, 801 SW Highway 101, Lincoln City, Oregon 97367. Copies of this report are also available at the Driftwood Library, and on the City's website at www.lincolncity.org.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF LINCOLN CITY Lincoln City, Oregon

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2022

	Governmental Business-type Activities Activities			Total		
ASSETS:						
Current assets						
Cash and investments	\$	28,038,622	\$	11,362,085	\$	39,400,707
Cash with County Treasurer		51,811		10,600		62,411
Receivables		3,533,987		1,362,013		4,896,000
Internal balances		102,893		(102,893)		-
Lease receivables		143,928		-		143,928
Inventories		-		210,011		210,011
Noncurrent assets						
Receivables		1,741,759		-		1,741,759
Lease receivables		2,257,429		-		2,257,429
Prepaids and other		590,502		30,015		620,517
Land held for sale		1,954,487		-		1,954,487
Capital assets:						
Land, improvements and construction in progress		36,236,327		3,616,823		39,853,150
Right-of-use, net		13,363		3,538		16,901
Other capital assets, net		45,115,788	_	42,508,878		87,624,666
TOTAL ASSETS		119,780,896		59,001,070		178,781,966
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:						
Deferred amounts related to pensions		5,380,631		1,265,874		6,646,505
Deferred amounts related to OPEB		92,003		21,749	_	113,752
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		5,472,634		1,287,623		6,760,257

CITY OF LINCOLN CITY Lincoln City, Oregon

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2022

	 overnmental Activities	isiness-type Activities	Total		
LIABILITIES:					
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 894,967	\$ 234,539		\$ 1,129,506	
Other accrued liabilities	656,958	-		656,958	
Accrued interest payable	99,194	40,301		139,495	
Accrued compensated absences	800,801	216,152		1,016,953	
Long-term obligations:					
Portion due or payable within one year:					
Landfill closure and post closure care costs	40,000	-		40,000	
Long-term debt	259,191	1,898,713		2,157,904	
Lease payable	5,490	1,062		6,552	
Portion due or payable after one year:					
Landfill closure and post closure care costs	310,499	-		310,499	
Long-term debt	9,800,979	8,784,758		18,585,737	
Lease payable	8,434	2,800		11,234	
Net pension liability	6,790,199	1,597,496		8,387,695	
Total other postemployment benefit obligation	 444,371	 105,053		549,424	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	 20,111,083	 12,880,874		32,991,957	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:					
Deferred amounts related to pensions	5,689,239	1,338,477		7,027,716	
Deferred amounts related to OPEB	108,890	25,742		134,632	
Deferred lease resources	 2,362,074	 -		2,362,074	
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	 8,160,203	 1,364,219		9,524,422	
NET POSITION:					
Net investment in capital assets	71,470,487	35,441,906		106,912,393	
Restricted for:					
Capital improvements	6,951,430	9,539,350		16,490,780	
Debt service	-	172,118		172,118	
Highways and streets	2,135,703	-		2,135,703	
Landfill postclosure costs	202,977	-		202,977	
Tourism	4,519,697	-		4,519,697	
Urban renewal	1,226,413	-		1,226,413	
Parks and recreation	2,422,674	-		2,422,674	
Other	126,959	30,015		156,974	
Unrestricted	 7,925,904	 860,211		8,786,115	
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 96,982,244	\$ 46,043,600	\$	143,025,844	

Lincoln City, Oregon

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

			Program Revenu	es	Net Revenue (Expense) and Change in Net Position			
ACTIVITIES	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Totals	
Primary government: Governmental activities:								
General government	\$ 5,196,523	\$ 1,464,067	\$ 825,232	\$ 395,708	\$ (2,511,516)	\$-	\$ (2,511,516)	
Public safety	6,578,138	54,080	-	-	(6,524,058)	-	(6,524,058)	
Highways and streets	2,843,194	111,232	-	1,102,285	(1,629,677)	-	(1,629,677)	
Culture and recreation	5,633,276	512,540	-	7,672	(5,113,064)	-	(5,113,064)	
Interest on long-term obligations	406,440				(406,440)		(406,440)	
Total governmental activities	20,657,571	2,141,919	825,232	1,505,665	(16,184,755)		(16,184,755)	
Business-type activities:								
Water	3,938,079	4,357,085	289,800	189,537	-	898,343	898,343	
Sewer	5,254,242	4,850,599	785,536	316,724		698,617	698,617	
Total business-type activities	9,192,321	9,207,684	1,075,336	506,261		1,596,960	1,596,960	
Total	\$ 29,849,892	\$11,349,603	\$ 1,900,568	\$ 2,011,926	(16,184,755)	1,596,960	(14,587,795)	
	GENERAL REV Property taxes	s levied for:			7 000 500		7 000 500	
	General pur Debt service				7,992,536 34,305	- 1,641,780	7,992,536 1,676,085	
	Franchise fee				1,095,183	1,041,700	1,095,183	
	Transient roor				10,541,426	-	10,541,426	
		vestment earnir	nas		256,656	58,022	314,678	
		m disposal of ca	0		(80,008)	(226,788)	(306,796)	
	Miscellaneous		•		682,545	131,631	814,176	
	TRANSFERS				(1,234,766)	1,234,766		
	Total gener	al revenues and	d transfers		19,287,877	2,839,411	22,127,288	
	CHANGE IN NE	T POSITION			3,103,122	4,436,371	7,539,493	
	NET POSITION,	June 30, 2021			93,879,122	41,607,229	135,486,351	
	NET POSITION,	June 30, 2022			\$ 96,982,244	\$ 46,043,600	\$143,025,844	

Lincoln City, Oregon

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2022

100570	General Fund	Explore Lincoln City	Parks and Recreation	Lincoln Square Operations	Other Governmental Funds	Totals
ASSETS: Cash and investments	¢ 44 070 055	¢ 0 750 047	¢ 4 00 4 7 00	¢ 070.044	¢ 40.050 540	¢ 07 00 4 04 5
Cash with County Treasurer	\$ 11,079,055	\$3,750,917	\$ 1,864,783	\$ 270,041	\$ 10,859,519 661	\$27,824,315
Receivables	51,150 2,176,158	- 792,576	- 584,380	-	1,717,202	51,811 5,270,316
Lease receivables	103,524	192,576	564,560	- 2,297,833	1,717,202	2,401,357
Prepaid Items	275	- 457,340	-	2,297,033	-	457,615
Advance to other funds	102,893	437,340	-	-	-	102,893
Land held for resale	1,393,665				560,822	1,954,487
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 14,906,720	\$ 5,000,833	\$ 2,449,163	\$2,567,874	\$ 13,138,204	\$38,062,794
LIABILITIES:						
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 187,558	\$ 23,796	\$ 26,489	\$ 5,598	\$ 644,573	\$ 888,014
Other accrued liabilities	656,958					656,958
TOTAL LIABILITIES	844,516	23,796	26,489	5,598	644,573	1,544,972
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:						
Unavailable revenue, property taxes	300,573	-	-	-	3,355	303,928
Unavailable revenue, local imporvement districts	381,409	-	-	-	-	381,409
Unavailable revenue, municipal court fees	40,664	-	-	-	-	40,664
Deferred inflows, leases	100,691			2,261,383		2,362,074
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	823,337			2,261,383	3,355	3,088,075
FUND BALANCES:						
Nonspendable in form	2,096,833	457,340	-	-	1,346,449	3,900,622
Restricted for:						
Capital projects	-	-	-	-	7,129,972	7,129,972
Post closure landfill costs	553,476	-	-	-	-	553,476
Debt service	-	-	-	-	-	-
Road construction/maintenance	-	-	-	-	2,135,703	2,135,703
Tourism promotion	-	4,519,697	-	-	-	4,519,697
Urban renewal	-	-	-	-	522,322	522,322
Parks maintenance	-	-	2,422,674	-	-	2,422,674
Committed to:	740 744					740 744
Capital projects Affordable housing	713,741	-	-	-	- 300,647	713,741 300,647
Maintenance services	-	-	-	- 300,893	300,047	300,847 300,893
Art and education	-	-	-	300,693	- 95,944	300,893 95,944
Assigned to:	-	-	-	-	33,344	55,544
Capital projects	-	_	-	-	959,239	959,239
Unassigned	9,874,817					9,874,817
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	13,238,867	4,977,037	2,422,674	300,893	12,490,276	33,429,747

TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE

<u>\$14,906,720</u> <u>\$5,000,833</u> <u>\$2,449,163</u> <u>\$2,567,874</u> <u>\$13,138,204</u> <u>\$38,062,794</u>

Lincoln City, Oregon

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2022

TOTAL FUND BALANCE		\$ 33,429,747
Total net position shown in the Statement of Net Position is different because:		
Capital assets are not financial resources for budgetary purposes and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.		81,160,711
Lease assets are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds.		13,363
Certain items are not available to pay for current period expenditures, but are reported in in the Statement of Net Position Net OPEB RHIA Asset Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB		120,474 5,085,490 87,302
A portion of the City's receivables are collected after year-end but they are not collected soon enough to be available as financial resources for the current year. The revenues related to these receivables are not reported in the governmental funds.		726,001
Interest not payable with current resources is not recorded as governmental fund liabilities.		(99,194)
Compensated absences not payable in the current year are not recorded as governmental fund liabilities.		(727,436)
Long-term liabilities and deferred inflows are not reported as governmental fund liabilities as they are not payable in the current year. These long-term liabilities and deferred inflows consist of: Total other post-employement benefit obligation Net pension liability Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB Long-term obligations Leases payable Landfill closure and post closure costs Total	(421,673) (6,417,740) (5,377,172) (103,329) (10,060,170) (13,924) (350,499)	(22,744,507)
The internal service fund is used by management to charge the cost of services to individual funds. Their assets and liabilities are included in the Statement of Net Position.		(69,707)
TOTAL NET POSITION		\$ 96,982,244

CITY OF LINCOLN CITY Lincoln City, Oregon

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	General	Explore Lincoln City	Parks and Recreation	Lincoln Square Operations	Other Governmental Funds	Totals
REVENUES:			-	·		
Property Taxes	\$ 8,099,785	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 100,790	\$ 8,200,575
Franchise fees	1,095,183	-	-	-	-	1,095,183
Transient room tax	2,102,207	3,197,197	2,096,606	-	3,145,416	10,541,426
Fines and forfeitures	238,980	-	-	-	-	238,980
Fees, licenses and permits	948,559	-	-	-	-	948,559
Rents		-	-	-	25,281	25,281
Lease revenue	88,105	-		157,850		245,955
Charges for services	54,080	-	359,031	-	264,741	677,852
Intergovernmental	825,232	-	395,708	-	1,109,957	2,330,897
Interest on investments	82,069	19,659	11,879	89,024	54,025	256,656
Miscellaneous	555,225	531	31,247	41,039	59,372	687,414
TOTAL REVENUES	14,089,425	3,217,387	2,894,471	287,913	4,759,582	25,248,778
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
General government	3,822,999	-	-	460,656	157,785	4,441,440
Public safety	6,104,756	-	-	-	-	6,104,756
Highways and streets	-	-	-	-	1,484,239	1,484,239
Culture and recreation	1,069,366	1,920,910	2,278,301	-	-	5,268,577
Debt service	5,835	816	-	-	618,115	624,766
Capital outlay	541,858	74,394	73,866		2,181,829	2,871,947
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	11,544,814	1,996,120	2,352,167	460,656	4,441,968	20,795,725
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	2,544,611	1,221,267	542,304	(172,743)	317,614	4,453,053
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	42,312	-	-	-	139,003	181,315
Acquisition of capital and right-to-use assets	7,686	6,952	-	-	-	14,638
Transfers in	2,222	· -	434,178	245,044	470,809	1,152,253
Transfers out	(2,173,411)	(71,596)			(35,008)	(2,280,015)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(2,121,191)	(64,644)	434,178	245,044	574,804	(931,809)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	423,420	1,156,623	976,482	72,301	892,418	3,521,244
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year	12,815,447	3,820,414	1,446,192	228,592	11,597,858	29,908,503
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$13,238,867	\$ 4,977,037	\$ 2,422,674	\$ 300,893	\$ 12,490,276	\$ 33,429,747

Lincoln City, Oregon

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		\$ 3,521,244
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because of the following:		
Governmental funds report capital assets additions as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets. The difference between these two amounts is: Capital outlay Depreciation	\$ 2,871,947 (3,268,566)	(396,619)
The net effect of transactions involving capital assets, i.e, gain/loss on sales, donations. These transactions are not reported in the governmental funds.		(261,323)
Transfer of assets from governental funds to enterprise fund. These transactions are not reported in the governmental funds.		(107,004)
Governental funds report lease financing as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as amorviation expense. This is the amount by which amortization exceeded lease financing.		(5,076)
Receivables that do not meet the measurable and available criteria are not recognized as revenue in the current year in governmental funds. In the Statement of Activities they are recognized as revenue when levied or earned. Unearned Revenue - Property Taxes Unearned Revenue - Unbonded Assessment (LID/Reimbursement District Receivable) Unearned Revenue - Port Dr Assessment (Abatement) Deferred Revenue - Municipal Court	(173,735) (4,822) (47) 5,292	(173,312)
Assets aquired by debt financing are not recorded in the governmental funds		(14,638)
Repayment of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.		211,187
Repayment of lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.		4,514
Accrued interest is not recorded in the governmental funds.		2,625
Amortization of bond premium is not recorded in the governmental funds.		41,641
Landfill post closure costs are reported as expenditures in the governmental fund statements, but reduce the liability in the Statement of Net Position.		100,370
Internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of services to individual governmental funds. The net income of the internal service fund is reported as a governmental activity.		14,457
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Pension expense Net OPEB benefit Compensated absences		219,258 (14,117) (40,085)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		\$ 3,103,122

Lincoln City, Oregon

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2022

		Internal		
	Water	Sewer	Totals	Service Fund
ASSETS:	Water	00001	Totalo	
Current assets: Cash and investments Cash with County Treasurer	\$ 4,056,983	\$ 7,305,102 10,600	\$ 11,362,085 10,600	\$ 214,307
Receivables, net	- 570,309	791,704	1,362,013	- 5,430
Prepaids and OPEB asset Inventories	14,145 210,011	15,870	30,015 210,011	12,413
Total current assets	4,851,448	8,123,276	12,974,724	232,150
Capital assets:				
Land, improvements and construction in progress	1,420,432	2,196,391	3,616,823	24,692
Right-to-use, net	1,769	1,769	3,538	-
Other capital assets, net	18,448,693	24,060,185	42,508,878	166,712
Total capital assets	19,870,894	26,258,345	46,129,239	191,404
TOTAL ASSETS	24,722,342	34,381,621	59,103,963	423,554
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES:				
Deferred amounts related to pensions	699,923	565,951	1,265,874	295,141
Deferred amounts related to OPEB	10,249	11,500	21,749	4,701
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES	710,172	577,451	1,287,623	299,842
LIABILITIES:				
Current liabilities:	00 4 4 4	4.45.000	004 500	0.050
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Advance to other funds	89,141	145,398 102,893	234,539 102,893	6,953
Accrued interest payable	11,220	29,081	40,301	-
Accrued compensated absences	155,023	61,129	216,152	73,365
Current portion of long-term obligations	475,704	1,424,071	1,899,775	
Total current liabilities	731,088	1,762,572	2,493,660	80,318
Long-term liabilities	541,105	8,246,453	8,787,558	-
Total other postemployment benefit obligation	49,508	55,545	105,053	22,698
Net pension liability	883,283	714,213	1,597,496	372,459
TOTAL LIABILITIES	2,204,984	10,778,783	12,983,767	475,475
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred amounts related to pensions	740,067	598,410	1,338,477	312,067
Deferred amounts related to OPEB	12,132	13,610	25,742	5,561
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	752,199	612,020	1,364,219	317,628
NET POSITION:				
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	18,854,085	16,587,821	35,441,906	191,404
Capital improvement	3,928,133	5,611,217	9,539,350	-
Debt service	5,535	166,583	172,118	-
OPEB Asset Unrestricted	14,145 (326 567)	15,870 1 186 778	30,015 860,211	6,485 (267,596)
Omesincleu	(326,567)	1,186,778	000,211	(267,596)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 22,475,331	\$ 23,568,269	\$ 46,043,600	\$ (69,707)

See notes to basic financial statements.

Lincoln City, Oregon

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Internal		
	Water	Sewer	Totals	Service Fund
OPERATING REVENUES:	Water	Cowol	Totalo	
Charges for services	\$ 4,357,085	\$ 4,850,599	\$ 9,207,684	\$ 1,078,823
Intergovernmental	289,800	785,536	1,075,336	-
Miscellaneous	12,080	119,551	131,631	21,701
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	4,658,965	5,755,686	10,414,651	1,100,524
OPERATING EXPENSES:				
Personal services	1,384,731	1,267,726	2,652,457	668,966
Materials and services	949,534	1,651,179	2,600,713	362,303
Support services	249,019	182,817	431,836	-
Depreciation and amortization	1,317,052	1,845,214	3,162,266	47,422
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	3,900,336	4,946,936	8,847,272	1,078,691
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	758,629	808,750	1,567,379	21,833
NONOPERATING INCOME (EXPENSE):				
System development charges	189,537	316,724	506,261	-
Interest earned on investments	23,555	34,467	58,022	-
Gain (loss) from sale of asset	1,897	(228,685)	(226,788)	(7,376)
Property taxes	-	1,641,780	1,641,780	-
Interest expense	(39,640)	(305,409)	(345,049)	
TOTAL NONOPERATING				
INCOME (EXPENSE)	175,349	1,458,877	1,634,226	(7,376)
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS AND				
CONTRIBUTIONS	933,978	2,267,627	3,201,605	14,457
TRANSFERS:				
Transfers in	_	1,307,004	1,307,004	_
Transfers out	(35,008)	(37,230)	(72,238)	-
	(00,000)	(01,200)	(12,200)	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	898,970	3,537,401	4,436,371	14,457
NET POSITION, June 30, 2021	21,576,361	20,030,868	41,607,229	(84,164)
NET POSITION, June 30, 2022	\$ 22,475,331	\$ 23,568,269	\$ 46,043,600	\$ (69,707)

Lincoln City, Oregon

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Enterprise Funds					Internal	
		Water		Sewer	Totals		Service Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	•		•			•	
Receipts from customers	\$	4,546,538	\$	5,706,950	\$ 10,253,488	\$	1,100,406
Payments to suppliers Payments to employees		(906,445) (1,429,346)		(1,584,777) (1,386,527)	(2,491,222) (2,815,873)		(354,924) (642,024)
Payments for support services		(1,429,346) (249,019)		(1,366,527) (182,817)	(431,836)		(642,024)
Payments for support services		(249,019)		(102,017)	(431,030)		-
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		1,961,728		2,552,829	4,514,557		103,458
CASH FLOWS FROM NON FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				=			
Property taxes		-		1,641,780	1,641,780		-
Transfers in Transfers out		-		1,200,000	1,200,000		-
Transfers out		(35,008)		(37,230)	(72,238)		
NET CASH FROM NON FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(35,008)		2,804,550	2,769,542		-
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:							
Acquisition of capital and right-to-use assets		(677,535)		(1,373,554)	(2,051,089)		(53,789)
Proceeds received from sale of capital assets		3,555		-	3,555		-
System development charges		189,537		316,724	506,261		-
Principal paid on advance from other funds		-		(50,346)	(50,346)		-
Principal paid on long-term obligations		(464,016)		(1,365,249)	(1,829,265)		-
Interest paid on long-term obligations		(44,106)		(310,295)	(354,401)		-
NET CASH FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED		<i>(</i>)		<i>(-</i>)	<i>(</i>)		/
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(992,565)		(2,782,720)	(3,775,285)		(53,789)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:							
Interest on investments		23,555		34,467	58,022		-
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND INVESTMENTS		957,710		2,609,126	3,566,836		49,669
CASH AND INVESTMENTS, beginning of year		3,099,273		4,695,976	7,795,249		164,638
	^			· · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · ·
CASH AND INVESTMENTS, end of year	Þ	4,056,983	\$	7,305,102	\$ 11,362,085	<u> </u>	214,307
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH FROM							
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	•	750.000	•	000 750		•	04.000
Operating income (loss)	\$	758,629	\$	808,750	\$ 1,567,379	\$	21,833
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:							
Depreciation		1 217 052		1,845,214	3,162,266		47,422
Decrease (increase) in assets and deferred outflows		1,317,052		1,045,214	3,102,200		47,422
Receivables, net		(112,427)		(48,712)	(161,139)		(118)
Inventories		(19,068)		22,123	3,055		(110)
Cash with County Treasurer		(10,000)		(24)	(24)		-
Net OPEB Asset		(2,954)		(3,678)	(6,632)		(1,662)
Deferred outflows		117,852		147,194	265,046		7,321
Increase (decrease) in liabilities and deferred inflows		1		1 -	,		7 -
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		62,157		44,279	106,436		(2,133)
Compensated absences payable		23,191		(2,026)	21,165		3,452
OPEB		(661)		889	228		1,076
Net pension liability		(870,094)		(814,424)	(1,684,518)		(276,339)
Deferred inflows		688,051		553,244	1,241,295		293,094
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	1,961,728	\$	2,552,829	\$ 4,514,557	\$	103,458
SCHEDULE OF NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS							
Transfer of capital assets	\$	-	\$	107,004	\$-	\$	-
Impact of GASB 87 Lease Accounting	\$	2,375	\$	2,375	\$ 4,750	\$	-
-							

CITY OF LINCOLN CITY Lincoln City, Oregon

FIDUCIARY FUND

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2022

ASSETS: Cash and investments	\$ 87,740
LIABILITIES: Accounts payable	 57,503
NET POSITION: Restricted for: Individuals and organizations Funds held in trust	\$ 30,237

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED June 30, 2022

ADDITIONS:	
Grants and donations	\$ 7,056
Deposits held for other	1,782
Interest on investments	 109
TOTAL ADDITIONS	 8,947
DEDUCTIONS: Expenditures	 46,766
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	 (37,819)
NET POSITION, June 20, 2021	 68,056
NET POSITION, June 20, 2022	\$ 30,237

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

1. SUMOMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Lincoln City, Oregon (the City) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental entities. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting entity for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting standards.

Organization

The City was incorporated as a home-rule city on March 3, 1965, consolidating the incorporated cities of Taft, Delake and Oceanlake, and the unincorporated communities of Cutler City and Nelscott.

Control of the City is vested in its mayor and Council members who are elected to office by voters within the City. Administrative functions are delegated to individuals who report to and are responsible to the Council. The chief administrative officer is the City Manager.

Reporting Entity

The accompanying financial statements present the primary government and component unit for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. The criteria used in making this determination includes appointment of a voting majority, imposition of will, financial benefit or burden on the primary government, and fiscal dependency on the primary government with respect to the component unit.

The City Council serves as the governing board of the Lincoln City Urban Renewal Agency (the Agency). Therefore, the accounts of the Agency are included in the financial statements of the City as a blended component unit.

Complete financial statements for the Lincoln City Urban Renewal Agency may be viewed on the City's website at www.lincolncity.org.

Basis of Presentation

The basic financial statements include both government-wide and fund based financial statements. Both levels of statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. Governmental activities, which are normally financed through taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements display information about all non-fiduciary activities of the City, and its component unit.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Government-wide Financial Statements (Continued)

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the City's programs. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identified with a specific function or segment. The City does not allocate indirect expenses. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources, as they are needed.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements and the proprietary funds financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the City receives value without giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On the accrual basis of accounting, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the functions of the City, the elimination of which would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The City considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collected within thirty to sixty days after year end. Property taxes and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred, except for claims and judgments, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have been incurred. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as other financing sources.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)</u>

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

A deferred inflow of resources arises on the balance sheet of the governmental funds when potential revenue does not meet both the measureable and available criteria for recognition in the current period. This unavailable revenue consists primarily of uncollected property taxes not deemed available to finance operations of the current period. In the government-wide statement of activities, with a full accrual basis of accounting, revenue must be recognized as soon as it is earned regardless of its availability. Thus, the deferral created on the balance sheet of the governmental funds for unavailable revenue is eliminated.

Fund Financial Statements

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Each fund is considered a separate accounting entity. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Nonmajor funds are consolidated into a single column within each fund type in the financial section of the basic financial statements and are detailed in the Other Supplementary Information section of this report.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – accounts for the financial operations of the City except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Principal sources of revenue are property taxes, fees, licenses and state apportionments.

Explore Lincoln City Fund (ELC) – accounts for the financial operations of the ELC fund. Resources are primarily provided from transient room taxes which are restricted for promoting tourism.

Parks and Recreation Fund – accounts for the financial operations of Parks, Open Space, and for the Community Center. Resources are primarily provided from transient room taxes which are restricted for Parks and Streets. Other resources include charges for services, The Parks Maintenance fund also receives Marijuana tax revenues.

Lincoln Square Fund – accounts for the financial operations of the City Hall complex, which includes the space rented to McKays and to Career Tech. Resources are primarily from transfers from other operational funds with offices in City Hall, and from lease income.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Water Fund – accounts for the water system operations. This fund is predominantly selfsupported through user charges to customers.

Sewer Fund – accounts for the sewer system operations. This fund is predominantly selfsupported through user charges to customers. Property taxes are collected to service bond payments.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The City also reports an Internal Service fund. This fund accounts for vehicle maintenance, information technology, and geographic information system operations. The activities of the Internal Service Fund are aggregated into governmental activities for purposes of reporting in the entity-wide financial statements.

Additionally, the City reports a custodial fund as a fiduciary fund to account for assets held in a purely custodial capacity for others.

The City also reports activity within the following nonmajor governmental funds types:

- Special revenue funds
- Debt service funds
- Capital projects funds

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Inventories

Inventories of the water system supplies and materials are stated at cost, on a first-in, first-out basis.

Receivables

User charges receivable are stated at the amount management expects to collect from outstanding balances. Management provides for probable uncollectible amounts through a charge to earnings and a credit to a valuation allowance based on its assessment of the current status of individual accounts. Balances still outstanding after management has used reasonable collection efforts are written off through a charge to the valuation allowance and a credit to user charges receivable. No provision for uncollectible accounts was necessary at June 30, 2022.

Property taxes are levied on and become a lien against property on July 1 of the year in which they are due. Collection dates are November 15, February 15, and May 15 following the lien date. Discounts are allowed if the amount due is paid by November 15 or February 15. Taxes unpaid and outstanding on May 16 are considered delinquent.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Receivables (Continued)

In the fund financial statements, property tax receivables collected within 30 days after the end of fiscal year are considered measurable and available, and therefore, are recognized as revenue. The property taxes receivable portion beyond 30 days is recorded as deferred inflow of resources for unavailable revenue.

In the government-wide financial statements, property taxes are recognized as revenue when earned.

In the proprietary funds, receivables include services provided but not billed. The enterprise funds' receivables include billings for residential and commercial customers utilizing the City's water, sewer, and storm water services and are reported net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts, which is determined based upon an estimated percentage of the receivable balance. No provision for uncollectible accounts was necessary at June 30, 2022.

The City makes loans to third parties for rehabilitation of properties consistent with the establishment of the City's Urban Renewal Agency. Loans receivable are recorded when the borrower has signed a promissory note and disbursements are made in accordance with the loan agreement. As the City obtains liens against the affected properties, no allowance is deemed necessary.

Lease Receivables

Lease receivables are recognized at the net present value of the leased assets at a borrowing rate either explicitly described in the agreement or implicitly determined by the City, reduced by principal payments received.

Prepaids

When COVID created hardships for business in 2020 and 2021, the Explore Lincoln City fund provided loans to those business, in the form of prepayment for services to be rendered. Over time these prepaid services will be included in tourism promotion packages. A provision of \$172,600 for uncollectible accounts was made at June 30, 2022.

Land held for Sale

Land that is held for sale is reported in the applicable governmental columns in the governmentwide and fund-level financial statements. Land is recorded at the lower of cost or market.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements, and in the Proprietary Funds. Capital assets are charged to expenditures as purchased in the governmental fund statements, and capitalized in the proprietary fund statements. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated assets are recorded at acquisition value.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Capital Assets (Continued)

Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more, and an estimated useful life of greater than one year. Additions or improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset, or that significantly increase the capacity of an asset are capitalized. Costs for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

Depreciation on exhaustible assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities with assets shown net of accumulated depreciation in the Statement of Net Position. For enterprise funds, depreciation is recorded as an expense on the fund level, while depreciation is recorded at the enterprise level for governmental funds. Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

	Years
Buildings and improvements	25 to 40
Improvements other than buildings	10 to 20
Machinery and equipment	5 to 10
Vehicles	5 to 10
Utility systems	25 to 40
Infrastructure	20 to 50
Intangibles	25 to 40

Depreciation is taken in the year the assets are acquired or retired based upon the number of days held. Gains or losses from sales or retirements of capital assets are included in operations of the current period.

Lease Assets

Lease assets are assets which the City leases for a term of more than one year. The value of leases is determined by the net present value of the leases at the City's incremental borrowing rate at the time of the lease agreement, amortized using the straight-line method over the term of the agreement.

Net Other Post Employment Benefits and Obligations

Net other post employment benefits and obligations are calculated as a long-term asset or longterm liability in the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund statements, the amount of which is actuarially determined

Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)</u>

Long-term obligations (Continued)

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, gain or loss on refunding, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued as well as any premium is reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Leases Payable

In the government-wide financial statements, leases payable are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. In the governmental fund financial statements, the present value of lease payments is reported as other financing sources.

Compensated Absences

The City has a policy which permits full-time employees to accumulate unused sick leave at the rate of one day per month over their working careers. The City does not compensate employees for unused accumulations upon termination of employment. Sick leave, which does not vest, is recognized in funds when leave is taken.

Each employee earns vacation at rates determined by their length of employment. Normally, an employee can accumulate a maximum of 320 hours, except for utilities personnel, which may accrue 340 hours. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, these limits have been temporarily removed.

Accumulated vested vacation leave is accrued as it is earned. In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, all vacation and compensatory time is reported when incurred. In the governmental funds, a liability for compensated absences is reported only if they have matured, and thus become due. Compensated absences are considered a current liability in the entity-wide and proprietary fund statements as they are susceptible to liquidation at any time.

Fund Balance

The City reports fund balances within the governmental funds based on the hierarchy of constraints to which those balances are subject. Fund balances in the governmental funds are reported within the following categories:

- Non-Spendable Includes items not in spendable form, such as prepaid items, inventory, assets held for sale, and other assets not quickly convertible to cash.
- Restricted Includes items that are restricted by external creditors, grantors or contributors, or restricted by constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed Includes items committed by the City Council, by formal board action.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)</u>

Fund Balance (Continued)

- Assigned Includes items assigned for specific uses, authorized by the City's Finance Director or City Manager.
- Unassigned This is the residual classification used in the General Fund for those balances not assigned to another category. Deficit fund balances reported in other governmental funds are also categorized as unassigned.

The City has adopted the following order of spending regarding fund balance categories: Restricted resources are spent first when both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned or unassigned) resources are available for expenditures. When unrestricted resources are spent, the order of spending is committed (if applicable), assigned (if applicable) and lastly, unassigned fund balance.

Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the basic financial statements report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditures) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the basic financial statements report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property tax receivables, unbonded assessments, municipal court receivables, and deferred lease resources. These amounts are deferred and recognized as inflows of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

For the purpose of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) and additions to/deductions from OPERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same bases as they are reported by OPERS.

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's two separate plans, the Implicit Rate Subsidy and Oregon Public Employees Retirement Systems (OPERS), and additions to/deductions from Implicit Rate Subsidy and OPERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by Implicit Rate Subsidy and OPERS. For this purpose, Implicit Rate Subsidy and OPERS recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

New Accounting Pronouncements and Accounting Standards

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the City implemented GASB 87. The primary objective of this statement is to enhance the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. This statement establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources.

2. <u>DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS</u>

The City maintains a pool of cash and investments that is available for use by all funds. Each fund's portion of this pool is displayed on the financial statements as cash and investments. Additionally, several funds hold separate cash and investment accounts. Interest earned on pooled cash and investments is allocated to participating funds based upon their combined cash and investment balances.

Investments with a remaining maturity of more than one year, at the time of purchase are stated at fair value. Fair value is determined at the quoted market price, if available; otherwise the fair value is estimated based on the amount at which the investment could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than a forced liquidation sale. Investments in the State of Oregon Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) are stated at fair value.

The Oregon State Treasury administers the LGIP. The LGIP is an unrated, open-ended, no-load, diversified portfolio offered to any agency, political subdivision or public corporation of the state who by law is made the custodian of, or has control of, any public funds. The LGIP is commingled with the State's short-term funds. To provide regulatory oversight, the Oregon Legislature established the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board and LGIP investments are approved by the Oregon Investment Council. The fair value of the City's position in the LGIP approximates the value of the pool shares.

For purposes of reporting cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, checking, savings and money market accounts, and any highly-liquid debt instruments purchased with a maturity of three months or less from the date of purchase.

At June 30, 2022, the City's cash and investments were comprised of the following:

Cash on hand	\$ 2,475
Deposits with financial institutions	247,384
Oregon State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool	 39,238,588
	\$ 39,488,447

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Reported as:

Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$ 28,038,622 11,362,085
Total per Statement of Net Position	 39,400,707
Agency Fund	 87,740
	\$ 39,488,447

Interest Rate Risk

The City does not have a formal policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair-value losses arising from changes in interest rates.

Credit Risk

The City does not have a formal policy that places a limit on the amount that may be invested in any one institution. 100 percent of the City's investments are in the State Treasurer's Investment Pool.

The City does not have a policy which limits the amount of investments that can be held with counterparties.

The City's deposits with financial institutions are insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) per institution. The City's bank balance as of June 30, 2022, was \$853,428, with amounts beyond the coverage of FDIC held at qualified depositories of public funds as required by Oregon Statutes. All qualified depositories for public funds are included in the multiple financial institution collateral pool that is maintained by, and in the name of, the Office of the State Treasurer.

Oregon statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, bankers' acceptances, repurchase agreements, commercial paper rated A-1 by Standard & Poor's Corporation or P-1 by Moody's Commercial Paper Record, and the state treasurer's investment pool.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

3. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Receivables as of June 30, 2022, for the City's governmental activities/funds are as follows:

	 General	Explore Lincoln City	-	arks and ecreation	Go	Other overnmental	nternal Service	 Totals
Property taxes	\$ 300,573	\$ -	\$	-	\$	3,355	\$ -	\$ 303,928
Intergovernmental	147,609	-		64,665		148,647	-	360,921
Fines and warrants	42,521	-		-		-	-	42,521
Franchise fees	121,792	-		-		-	5,430	127,222
Transient room taxes	506,728	792,576		519,715		779,573	-	2,598,592
Reimburse/Local Impr District	381,409	-		-		-	-	381,409
Notes-housing rehabilitation	-	-		-		785,627	-	785,627
Notes-transient housing	600,000	-		-		-	-	600,000
Miscellaneous other	 75,526	 -		-		-	 -	 75,526
	\$ 2,176,158	\$ 792,576	\$	584,380	\$	1,717,202	\$ 5,430	\$ 5,275,746

The City's permanent tax rate is \$4.0996 per \$1,000 assessed value as limited by the Constitution of the State of Oregon.

The Lincoln City Urban Renewal Agency levied 15 percent of the amount of its authority under option one of ORS 457.435(2)(a) without making a special levy in 2021-22.

Rehabilitation loans receivable are comprised of loans to qualified borrowers for the rehabilitation and restoration of single family and multi-family residences, and commercial loans to small business to promote economic development. Both are collateralized by real property. Net loans receivable are as follows:

Fund and Program	Maximum Term	Interest Rate	Loans Receivable			
Non-major Governmental Funds: Urban development: Rehabilitation loans	10 years	0%	\$	700,736		
Affordable Housing: Habitat and Housing Rehabilitation	15 years	0%	\$	84,891		

Receivables as of June 30, 2022, for the City's business-type activities/funds are as follows:

	Water		Sewer			Totals
User charges	\$	566,754	\$	703,535	\$	1,270,289
Property taxes		-		61,515		61,515
Reimburse/Local Impr District		-		26,654		26,654
Miscellaneous		3,555		-		3,555
	\$	570,309	\$	791,704	\$	1,362,013

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

4. LEASE RECEIVABLES

Lease receivables as of June 30, 2022, for the City's governmental activities/funds are as follows:

	Outsta June 30	0	b	B 87 lease eginning alances	Additions	Reductions	Outstanding June 30, 2022
<u>Gpvernmental Activities;</u> Lincoln City Glass Center, interest at 3.62%, monthly principal and interest ranges from \$622 to \$2,152, due 2027	\$	-	\$	86,097	\$-	\$ 12,323	\$ 73,774
Mo's Restaurant land lease, interest at 2.60% principal and interest of \$14,602 quarterly, due 2022		-		86,832		57,082	29,750
Career Tech, interest at 2.60%, principlal and interest of \$2,124 monthly, due 2023		-		49,738	-	24,546	25,192
McKays Grocery, interest at 4.51%, principlal and interest of \$14,681 monthly, due 2041		-		-	2,333,332	60,691	2,272,641
	\$	-	\$	222,667	\$ 2,333,332	\$ 154,642	\$ 2,401,357

Future maturities are as follows:

	Governental						
Fiscal		Activ	<i>itie</i>	s			
Year		Principal		Interest			
2023	\$	143,928	\$	103,046			
2024		93,279		98,665			
2025		97,768		94,492			
2026		102,462		90,119			
2027		107,371		85,538			
2028-2032		521,121		359,766			
2033-2037		652,662		228,225			
2038-2042		682,766		65,988			
	-						
	\$	2,401,357	\$	1,125,839			

Deferred inflow of resources will be recognized as revenue on a straight-line basis over the life of the lease.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Transactions for the year ended June 30, 2022, of the governmental activities, were as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2021	Additions	Transfers	Disposals	Balance June 30, 2022
Capital assets not being depreciated:	•	• · · · - · ·	• ()		•
Land	\$ 11,605,464	\$ 44,354	\$ (27,900)	\$-	\$ 11,621,918
Public right-of-way	22,328,786	-	-	-	22,328,786
Construction in progress	1,142,712	1,543,687	(352,897)	(47,879)	2,285,623
Total capital assets not being					
depreciated	35,076,962	1,588,041	(380,797)	(47,879)	36,236,327
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings	29,263,495	67,200	-	(1,203,144)	28,127,551
Heavy equipment	610,094	50,000	-	-	660,094
Urban renewal projects	4,911,956	-	-	-	4,911,956
System improvements	62,916,861	600,867	273,793	-	63,791,521
Vehicles	1,406,785	330,402	-	(82,683)	1,654,504
Equipment and furniture	3,278,491	257,274	-	(268,067)	3,267,698
Intangibles	-	25,000	-	-	25,000
Books and art	143,989				143,989
Total capital assets being depreciated	102,531,671	1,330,743	273,793	(1,553,894)	102,582,313
Accumulated depreciation	(55,483,606)	(3,315,988)		1,333,069	(57,466,525)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	47,048,065	(1,985,245)	273,793	(220,825)	45,115,788
Total capital assets, net	\$ 82,125,027	\$ (397,204)	\$ (107,004)	\$ (268,704)	\$ 81,352,115

Depreciation expense for governmental activities is charged to functions as follows:

General government	\$ 737,042
Internal Service Fund	47,422
Public safety	604,352
Highway and streets	1,418,964
Culture and recreation	 508,208
Total	\$ 3,315,988

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

5. CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

Transactions for the year ended June 30, 2022, of the business-type activities, were as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2021		Additions		 Transfers	Disposals	Balance June 30, 2022	
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land and improvements Construction in progress	\$	792,628 832,528	\$	- \$ 2,031,169	\$ 28,900 \$ (47,031)	(21,372)	\$	821,528 2,795,294
Total capital assets not being depreciated		1,625,156		2,031,169	(18,131)	(21,372)		3,616,822
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings Facilities Equipment Intangibles		1,106,766 93,889,951 2,393,496 120,868		13,611 - 6,309 -	- 78,104 47,031 -	- (1,872,401) (140,983) -		1,120,377 92,095,654 2,305,853 120,868
Total capital assets being depreciated Accumulated depreciation		97,511,081 (51,777,233)		19,920 (3,161,053)	125,135 -	(2,013,384) 1,804,413		95,642,752 (53,133,873)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		45,733,848	_	(3,141,133)	 125,135	(208,971)		42,508,879
Total capital assets, net	\$	47,359,004	\$	(1,109,964) \$	\$ 107,004 \$	(230,343)	\$	46,125,701

Depreciation expense for business-type activities is charged to functions as follows:

Water Sewer	\$ 1,316,446 1,844,607
Total	\$ 3,161,053

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

6. LEASE ASSETS

Lease asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

	Balances June 30, 2021		GASB 87 lease beginning balances			ditions	Balances June 30, 2022	
<u>Governmental activities:</u> Public Works copier Explore Lincoln City postage machine City Hall postage machine	\$	- - -	\$	2,375 - 9,112	\$	- 6,952 -	\$	2,375 6,952 9,112
Total assets being amortized		-		11,487		6,952		18,439
Less accumulated amortization:		-		-		(5,076)		(5,076)
Total leased assets being amortized, net	\$	-	\$	11,487	\$	1,876	\$	13,363
<u>Business-type activities:</u> Public Works copier	\$	-	\$	4,750	\$	-	\$	4,750
Less accumulated amortization:		-		-		(1,212)		(1,212)
Total leased assets being amortized, net	\$	-	\$	4,750	\$	(1,212)	\$	3,538

Amortization expense in the governmental activities is recognized in the general government function.

7. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Long-Term Debt

Transactions for the year ended June 30, 2022, of the governmental activities, were as follows:									
	Balances			Balances	Due within				
	June 30, 2021	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2022	one year				
Bond									
Full Faith and Credit Obligation, Series 20	18,								
Original issue amount \$10.950 million, f	inal								
maturity April 2048, interest at 3.85 %	\$ 10,125,000	\$-	\$ 210,000	\$ 9,915,000	\$ 220,000				
Bond Premium									
Full Faith and Credit Obligation,									
Series 2018	180,314	-	41,642	138,672	36,841				
Contracts Payable									
Police Copier	-	7,685	1,187	6,498	2,350				
		7,000	1,107	0,430	2,550				
	\$ 10,305,314	\$ 7,685	\$ 252,829	\$ 10,060,170	\$ 259,191				
Compensated absences	\$ 757,264	\$ 800,801	\$ 757,264	\$ 800,801	\$ 800,801				

The future maturities for governmental activity long-term bond obligations outstanding as of June 30, 2022, are as follows:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

7. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

Long-Term Debt (continued)

Fiscal		Building eries 2018	Police Bldg Bond		Contracts Police				Tot	als	
Year	Principal	Interest	Premium	Pi	rincipal	lr	nterest	F	Principal		Interest
2023	\$ 220,000	\$ 396,775	\$ 36,841	\$	2,350	\$	943	\$	259,191	\$	397,718
2024 2025	230,000 240.000	385,775 374,275	31,841 26.641		2,815 1.333		478 40		264,656 267.974		386,253 374.315
2025	240,000	362,275	20,041		- 1,333		40		276,329		362,275
2027	265,000	349,525	15,838		-		-		280,838		349,525
2028-2032	1,520,000	1,552,981	6,182		-		-		1,526,182		1,552,981
2033-2037	1,805,000	1,270,750	-		-		-		1,805,000		1,270,750
2038-2042	2,160,000	908,800	-		-		-		2,160,000		908,800
2043-2047	2,630,000	442,000	-		-		-		2,630,000		442,000
2048	590,000	23,600	-		-		-		590,000		23,600
	\$ 9,915,000	\$6,066,756	\$ 138,672	\$	6,498	\$	1,461	\$1	0,060,170	\$6	6,068,217

Transactions for the year ended June 30, 2022, of the business-type activities, were as follows:

	Balance			Balances	Due within
	June 30, 2021	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2022	one year
Financing Agreement					
Full Faith and Credit Water Bonds, Series 2	2014,				
Original issue amount \$4 million, final ma	aturity				
April 2024, interest at 2.81 percent					
Principal	\$ 1,285,000	\$-	\$ 420,000	\$ 865,000	\$ 430,000
General Obligation Bonds					
Sewer Bonds, Series 2011,					
Original issue amount \$7 million, final ma	iturity				
March 2026, interest at 4.1 percent					
Principal	2,689,264	-	523,690	2,165,574	545,494
Sewer Bonds, Refunding Series 2013			,		
Original issue amount \$9.885 million, fina	moturity				
-	Infaturity				
June 2030, interest at 2.4 precent	0 4 2 0 0 0 0		705 000	7 225 000	000.000
Principal	8,130,000	-	795,000	7,335,000	830,000
Contract Payable					
Original issue amount \$355,960, final ma	turity				
August 2023, interest at 4.19%	214,134	-	46,114	168,020	48,047
Original issue amount \$286,152, final ma	turity				
July 2024, interest at 3.67%	193,450		43,573	149,877	45,172
	\$ 12,511,848	\$-	\$1,828,377	\$ 10,683,471	\$1,898,713
Compensated absences	\$ 194,986	\$216,152	\$ 194,986	\$ 216,152	\$ 216,152

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

7. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

Long-Term Debt (continued)

The future maturities for business-type activity long-term bond obligations outstanding as of June 30, 2022, are as follows:

Fiscal	Full Faith Note Se			General Obligation Sewe Bonds Series 2011				General Obligation Sewer Ref. Bond Series 2013			
Year	Principal		Interest	Principal Interest		_	Principal	Principal			
2023	\$ 430,000	\$	24,644	\$	545,494	\$	80,473	\$	830,000	\$	182,750
2024	435,000		12,427		568,205		57,761		850,000		166,150
2025	-		-		591,862		34,104		875,000		148,088
2026	-		-		460,013		9,462		900,000		128,400
2027	-		-		-		-		925,000		107,025
2028-30	 -		-		-		-		2,955,000		173,900
	\$ 865,000	\$	37,071	\$	2,165,574	\$	181,800	\$	7,335,000	\$	906,313
Fiscal	Contracts Pa	ayab	le Sewer		Contracts Pa	ayab	le Water		To	tals	
Year	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest
2023	\$ 48,047	\$	7,040	\$	45,172	\$	5,500	\$	1,898,713	\$	300,407
2024	119,973		5,027		46,829		3,843		2,020,007		245,208
2025	-		-		57,876		2,124		1,524,738		184,316
2026	-		-		-		-		1,360,013		137,862
2027	-		-		-		-		925,000		107,025
2028-30	 -		-		-		-		2,955,000		173,900
	\$ 168,020	\$	12,067	\$	149,877	\$	11,467	\$	10,683,471	\$	1,148,718

Leases Payable

Transactions for the year ended June 30, 2022, of the governmental activities, were as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2		be	8 87 lease ginning Ilances	Ado	ditions	Red	ductions		standing 30, 2022
Governmental Activities; Public works copier, interest at 18.20%	,									
monthly paymrnets principal and inter			•	0.075	•		•		•	4 00 4
\$210, due 2025	\$	-	\$	2,375	\$	-	\$	444	\$	1,931
Explore Lincoln City postage machine, at 6.27%, quarterly payments principa interest \$408, due 2028		-		-		6,952		569		6,383
City Hall postage machine, interest at 5 quarterly payments pinrcipal and inter \$979, due 2023				0 112				3,502		5,610
\$979, due 2023				9,112				3,302		5,610
	\$	-	\$	11,487	\$	6,952	\$	4,515	\$	13,924

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

7. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

Leases Payable (continued)

Future maturities are as follows:

		Public	Worl	<s< th=""><th>E</th><th>Explore L</th><th>incolr</th><th>n City</th><th></th><th>City</th><th>Hall</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></s<>	E	Explore L	incolr	n City		City	Hall					
Fiscal		Copier	- Stre	ets	Postage Machine			nine		Postage	nine	Total				
Year	P	rincipal	In	terest	P	rincipal	In	terest	Pr	incipal	In	terest	Р	rincipal	lr	nterest
2023	\$	531	\$	309	\$	1,268	\$	364	\$	3,691	\$	224	\$	5,490	\$	897
2024		637		203		1,349		282		1,919		38		3,905		523
2025		763		77		1,436		195		-		-		2,199		272
2026		-		-		1,529		103		-		-		1,529		103
2027		-		-		801		15		-		-		801		15
	\$	1,931	\$	589	\$	6,383	\$	959	\$	5,610	\$	262	\$	13,924	\$	1,810

Transactions for the year ended June 30, 2022, for business-type activities, were as follows:

	GAS	SB 87 lea	se						
Balances	be	ginning				Outst	anding	Du	e within
June 30, 2021	ba	lances	Additions	Red	ductions	June 3	30, 2022	or	ne year
rest									
\$-	\$	4,749	\$-	\$	887	\$	3,862	\$	1,062
	June 30, 2021 rest	Balances be June 30, 2021 ba	Balances beginning June 30, 2021 balances	June 30, 2021 balances Additions	Balances beginning June 30, 2021 balances Additions Red rest	Balances beginning June 30, 2021 balances Additions Reductions rest	Balances beginning Outst June 30, 2021 balances Additions Reductions June 3 rest	Balances beginning Outstanding June 30, 2021 balances Additions Reductions June 30, 2022	Balances beginning Outstanding Dure June 30, 2021 balances Additions Reductions June 30, 2022 or

Future maturities are as follows:

-

		Puplic	Work	S		Puplic	S					
Fiscal		Copier	- Wat	er	Copier - Sewer				Total			
Year	Pr	rincipal	In	terest	Pr	incipal	In	terest	Pr	rincipal	lr	nterest
2023	\$	531	\$	309	\$	531	\$	309	\$	1,062	\$	618
2024		637		203		637		203		1,274		406
2025		763		77		763		77		1,526		154
	\$	1,931	\$	589	\$	1,931	\$	589	\$	3,862	\$	1,178

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

8. UNAVAILABLE REVENUE

Resources to the City, which are measurable, but not available, are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds. As of June 30, 2022, unavailable revenue consists of the following:

				Other	
		General	Gov	ernmental	
		Fund		Funds	 Totals
Property taxes	\$	300,573	\$	3,355	\$ 303,928
LID/Reimbursement Dist/Abatement		381,409		-	381,409
Fines and warrants	1	40,664		-	 40,664
Total	\$	722,646	\$	3,355	\$ 726,001

9. LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POST CLOSURE COSTS

The City is a member of the Lincoln County Consortium for Solid Waste Management, which was organized in 1984 to assume responsibility for the management and closure of the Agate Beach Landfill site.

State and Federal laws and regulations required the Consortium to place a final cover on the Agate Beach Landfill site when it stopped accepting waste, and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty (30) years subsequent to closure. This 30-year postclosure period was initiated on December 27, 1997. Since the landfill is closed it has used 100% of its capacity. The City is responsible for a 25.3% share of Consortium's estimated unfunded costs, which is based on submissions of engineering estimates, construction bids, and projected monitoring costs over the next five years. The estimated liability is based on the assumption that the least expensive disposal alternative will be used.

The City is reporting its landfill closure and post closure care costs liability using the most recent estimates from the Agate Beach Landfill's 2022 Post-Closure Financial Assurance Cost Estimate report.

At June 30, 2022, the City reports a restricted fund balance amount related to these post-closure requirements of \$553,476 and liability in the entity-wide financial statements \$310,499.

10. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

Plan Benefits - The City is a participating employer in the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The Oregon Legislature has delegated authority to the Public Employees Retirement Board (PERB) to administer and manage the system. The PERB governs and acts as a common investment and administrative agent for public employers in the State of Oregon. All benefits of the system are established by the legislature pursuant to Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) Chapters 238 and 238A.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

10. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

OPERS produces an independently audited Annual Comprehensive Financial Report and Actuarial Valuation that can be obtained at: <u>https://www.opers.org/financial/reports.shtml</u>

- 1) Public Employee Retirement System (PERS) Tier One/Tier Two Retirement Benefit (ORS Chapter 238). The Tier One/Tier Two Retirement Defined Benefit Plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003.
 - a) Pension Benefits. The PERS retirement allowance is payable monthly for life, selected from 13 retirement benefit options. These options include survivorship benefits and lump-sum refunds. The basic benefit is based on years of service and final average salary. A percentage (2.0 percent for police and fire employees, and 1.67 percent for general service employees) is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Benefits may also be calculated under either a formula plus annuity (for members who were contributing before August 21, 1981) or a money match computation if a greater benefit results. Monthly payments must be a minimum of \$200 per month or the member will receive a lump-sum payment of the actuarial equivalent of benefits to which he or she is entitled.

Under Senate Bill 1049, passed during the 2019 legislative session, the salary included in the determination of Final Average Salary will be limited for all members beginning in 2020. The limit will be equal to \$195,000 in 2020 and will be indexed with inflation in later years.

A member is considered vested and will be eligible at minimum retirement age for a service retirement allowance if he or she has had a contribution in each of five calendar years or has reached at least 50 years of age before ceasing employment with a participating employer (age 45 for police). General service employees may retire after reaching age 55. Police are eligible after reaching age 50. Tier One general service employee benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 58 with fewer than 30 years of service. Police member benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 55 with fewer than 25 years of service. Tier Two members are eligible for full benefits at age 60.

- b) Death Benefits. Upon death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives a lumpsum refund of the member's account balance (accumulated contributions and interest). In addition, the beneficiary will receive a lump-sum payment from employer funds equal to the account balance, provided one or more of the following criterion are met:
 - i. the member was employed by a PERS employer at the time of death,
 - ii. the member died within 120 days after termination of PERS-covered employment,

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

10. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

- iii. the member died as a result of injury sustained while employed in a PERScovered job, or
- iv. the member was on an official leave of absence from a PERS-covered job at the time of death.
- c) Disability Benefits. A member with 10 or more years of creditable service who becomes disabled from other than duty-connected causes may receive a non-duty disability benefit. A disability resulting from a job-incurred injury or illness qualifies a member (including PERS judge members) for disability benefits regardless of the length of PERS-covered service. Upon qualifying for either a non-duty or duty disability, service time is computed to age 58 (55 for police and fire members) when determining the monthly benefit.
- d) Benefit Changes after Retirement. Members may choose to continue participation in a variable equities investment account after retiring and may experience annual benefit fluctuations due to changes in the market value of equity investments. Under ORS 238.360 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living adjustments (COLA). The COLA is capped at 2.0 percent.
- Oregon Public Service Retirement Pension Defined Benefit Program. The ORS Chapter 238A Defined Benefit Pension Program provides benefits to members hired on or after August 29, 2003.
 - a) *Pension Benefits.* This portion of OPSRP provides a life pension funded by employer contributions. Benefits are calculated with the following formula for members who attain normal retirement age:
 - i. *Police and fire*: 1.8 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for police and fire members is age 60 or age 53 with 25 years of retirement credit. To be classified as a police and fire member, the individual must have been employed continuously as a police and fire member for at least five years immediately preceding retirement.
 - ii. *General service*: 1.5 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for general service members is age 65, or age 58 with 30 years of retirement credit.

Under Senate Bill 1049, passed during the 2019 legislative session, the salary included in the determination of final average salary will be limited for all members beginning in 2020. The limit will be equal to \$195,000 in 2020 and will be indexed with inflation in later years.

A member of the pension program becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

10. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PENSION PLAN (continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, and, if the pension program terminated, the date on which termination becomes effective.

- b) *Death Benefits.* Upon the death of a non-retired member, the spouse or other person who is constitutionally required to be treated in the same manner as the spouse, receives for life 50 percent of the pension that would otherwise have been paid to the deceased member.
- c) *Disability Benefits*. A member who has accrued 10 or more years of retirement credits before the member becomes disabled or a member who becomes disabled due to job-related injury shall receive a disability benefit of 45 percent of the member's salary determined as of the last full month of employment before the disability occurred.
- d) *Benefit Changes after Retirement.* Under ORS 238A.210 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living adjustments (COLA). The cap on the COLA will vary based on the amount of the annual benefit.
- 3) OPSRP Individual Account Program.
 - a) Pension Benefits. The IAP is an individual account-based program under the PERS tax-qualified governmental plan as defined under ORS 238A.400. An IAP member becomes vested on the date the employee account is established or on the date the rollover account was established. If the employer makes optional employer contributions for a member, the member becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates with respect to those contributions: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, the date the IAP is terminated, the date the active member becomes disabled, or the date the active member dies.

Upon retirement, a member may receive the amounts in the employee account, rollover account, and vested employer account as a lump-sum payment or in equal installments over a 5-, 10-, 15-, 20-year period or an anticipated life span option. Each distribution option has a \$200 minimum distribution limit.

- b) Death Benefits. Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives in a lump sum the member's account balance, rollover account balance, and vested employer optional contribution account balance. If a retired member dies before the installment payments are completed, the beneficiary may receive the remaining installment payments or choose a lump-sum payment.
- c) *Recordkeeping*. OPERS contracts with VOYA Financial to maintain IAP participant records.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

10. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PENSION PLAN (continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

Both PERS and OPSRP plans provide retirement and disability benefits, post-employment healthcare benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries.

Contributions

- Employer Contributions. PERS funding policy provides for monthly employer contributions at actuarially determined rates. These contributions, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, are intended to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. This funding policy applies to the PERS Defined Benefit Plan and the Other Postemployment Benefit Plans. Employer contribution rates during the period were based on the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation. The rates based on a percentage of payroll, first became effective July 1, 2021. Effective January 1, 2020, Senate Bill 1049 required employers to pay contributions on reemployed PERS retirees' salary as if they were an active member, excluding IAP (6 percent) contributions. Employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2022 were \$1,676,734. The contractually required contribution rates in effect for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 were 21.80% for Tier One/Tier Two, 15.96% for OPSRP Pension Program General Service Members, 20.32% for OPSRP Pension Program Police and Fire Members.
- 2) Employee Contributions. Beginning January 1, 2004, all employee contributions were placed in the OPSRP Individual Account Program (IAP), a defined contribution pension plan established by the Oregon Legislature. Prior to that date, all member contributions were credited to the Defined Benefit Pension Plan. Member contributions are set by statute at 6.0 or 7.0 percent of salary and are remitted by participating employers. The contributions are either deducted from member salaries or paid by the employers on the members' behalf. The IAP member accounts represent member contributions made on or after January 1, 2004, plus earnings allocations less disbursements for refunds, death benefits, and retirements. As permitted, the City has opted to pick-up the 6.0% contributions on behalf of employees; contributions were \$437,619 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Pension Assets, Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022 the City reported a liability of \$8,387,695 for its proportionate share of the plan pension liability. The City's share of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2022, the City's proportion was 0.0701 percent, which was a decrease from its proportion of 0.0743 measured as of June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,370,080. At June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

10. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PENSION PLAN (continued)

Pension Assets, Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

	erred Outflows f Resources	-	erred Inflows Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 785,143	\$	-
Change of assumptions	2,099,693		22,074
Net difference between projected and actual			
earnings on pension plan investments	-		6,209,345
Changes in proportionate share	391,142		664,525
Difference between employer contributions and			
employer's proportionate share of contributions	1,693,793		131,772
City contributions subsequent to the measurement			
Date	1,676,734		-
Total	\$ 6,646,505	\$	7,027,716

The amount of contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be included as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

Other amounts reported as deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	 Total
2023	\$ (283,837)
2024	(302,728)
2025	(515,837)
2026	(1,233,104)
2027	 277,559
	\$ (2,057,945)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Actuarial Valuations - The employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2021, through June 30, 2022, were set using the entry age normal actuarial method. Under this cost method, each active member's entry age present value of projected benefits is allocated over the member's service from their date of entry until their assumed date of exit, taking into consideration expected future compensation increases.

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

10. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PENSION PLAN (continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (Continued)

Valuation date	December 31, 2019
Measurement date	June 30,2021
Actuarial assumptions:	
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Inflation	2.40%
Long-term expected rate of return	6.90%
Discount rate	6.90%
Salary increase	3.40%
Cost of living adjustments	Blend of 2.0% and graded COLA (1.252%/ 0.15%) in accordance with <i>Moro</i> decision; blend based on service
Mortality	Healthy retirees & beneficiaries: Pub-2010 Healthy Retiree, sex distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security Data Scale, with job category adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation.
	Active member: Pub-2010 Employee, sex distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security Data Scale, with job category adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation.
	Disabled retirees: Pub-2010 Disabled Retiree, sex distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security Data Scale, with job category adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of projected benefits and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Experience studies are performed as of December 31 of even numbered years. The methods and assumptions shown above are based on the 2018 Experience Study which reviewed experience for the four-year period ending on December 31, 2018.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

10. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PENSION PLAN (continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (Continued)

Assumed Asset Allocation

Asset Class	Low Range	High Range	OIC Target
Debt Securities	15.0 %	25.0 %	20.0 %
Public Equity	27.5	37.5	32.5
Private Equity	14.0	21.0	17.5
Real Estate	9.5	15.5	12.5
Alternatives Portfolio	7.5	17.5	15.0
Opportunity Portfolio	-	5.0	-
Risk Parity	-	2.5	2.5
Total			100.0 %

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return - To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the long-term expected rate of return assumption, in July 2021 the PERS Board reviewed long-term assumptions developed by both Milliman's capital market assumptions team and the Oregon Investment Council's (OIC) investment advisors. The table below shows Milliman's assumptions for each of the asset classes in which the plan was invested at that time based on the OIC long-term target asset allocation. The OIC's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model.

		Compound Annual
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Return (Geometric)
Global Equity	30.6 %	5.9 %
Private Equity	25.5	7.7
Core Fixed Income	23.8	2.7
Real Estate	12.3	5.7
Master Limited Partnerships	0.8	5.7
Infrastructure	1.5	6.3
Commodities	0.6	3.1
Hedge Fund of Funds - Multistrategy	1.2	5.1
Hedge Fund Equity - Hedge	0.6	5.3
Hedge Fund – Macro	5.6	5.0
Cash	-2.5	1.8
Total	100.0 %	

Assumed Inflation - Mean

2.4%

Compound Appual

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90 percent for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions,

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

10. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (Continued)

the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following represents the City's proportionate share of the pension (asset)/liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.9 percent, as well as what the City's share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(5.9%)	(6.9%)	(7.9%)
City's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 16,471,426	\$ 8,387,695	\$ 1,624,546

11. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Reported other post-employment benefits (OPEB) for the City combines two separate plans. The City provides an implicit rate subsidy for retiree Health Insurance Continuation (HIC) premiums, and a contribution to the State of Oregon's PERS cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan (RHIA).

The City's two OPEB plans are presented in the aggregate on the Statement of Net Position. The amounts on this financial statement relate to the plans as follows:

	 licit Rate ubsidy	PE	RS RHIA Plan	OPEB on nancials
Net OPEB asset	\$ -	\$	156,974	\$ 156,974
Deferred outflows of resources: Change in assumptions Difference between expected	\$ 34,750	\$	3,089	\$37,839
and actual experience	17,884		-	17,884
Change in proportionate share	-		20,159	20,159
Contributions after MD	 35,943		1,927	 37,870
	\$ 88,577	\$	25,175	\$ 113,752

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

11. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

	 olicit Rate Subsidy	PE	RS RHIA Plan	OPEB on nancials
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 549,424	\$	-	\$ 549,424
Deferred inflows of resources: Difference in expected and actual experience Change in assumptions Difference in earnings Change in proportionate share	\$ 37,795 52,710 -	\$	4,367 2,335 37,305 120	\$ 42,162 55,045 37,305 120
	\$ 90,505	\$	44,127	\$ 134,632
OPEB expense/(income)*	\$ 59,852	\$	(11,048)	\$ 48,804

*Included in program expenses on the Statement of Activities

Health Insurance Continuation

Plan Description - The city provides other post-employment benefits (OPEB) for employees, retirees, spouses and dependents through a single employer defined benefit plan in the form of group health insurance benefits. As required by ORS 243.303(2) retirees who were hired after July 1, 2003 are allowed to continue, at the retirees' expense, coverage under the group health insurances plan until age 65. The difference between the premium actually paid by retirees under the group insurance plan and the premium that they would pay if they were not included in the plan is considered to be an implicit rate subsidy under the provisions of GASB 75.

The City's postemployment healthcare plan administrator issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for CIS. This report may be obtained through their website at: <u>https://www.cisoregon.org/About/TrustDocs</u>.

For the purpose of calculating the total OPEB liability, the July 1, 2020 actuarial valuation includes 132 active participants and 4 inactive participants.

OPEB Plan Liability, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB – The City's total OPEB liability of \$549,424 was measured as of June 30, 2021 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized OPEB expense from this plan of \$59,852. At June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to this OPEB plan from the following sources:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

11. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Health Insurance Continuation (Continued)

	Deferre	ed Outflows	Defer	red Inflows
	of Resources		of Resources	
Differences between expected & actual experience	\$	17,884	\$	37,795
Changes of assumptions		34,750		52,710
Subtotal		52,634		90,505
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date		35,943		-
Totals	\$	88,577	\$	90,505

Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB of \$35,943 resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

 Total
\$ (12,120)
(12,120)
(8,914)
(2,592)
(1,422)
 (703)
\$ (37,871)
\$

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs – The total OPEB liability for the current year was determined as a part of the July 1, 2020 actuarial valuation. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future.

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Inflation	2.50%
Salary increase	3.50%
Discount rate	2.16%

Withdrawal, retirement, and mortality rates

December 31, 2019 Oregon PERS valuation

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

11. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Health Insurance Continuation (continued)

Mortality

Pub-2010 General and Safety Employee and Healthy Retiree tables, sex distinct for members and dependents, with a one year setback for male general service employees and female safety employees.

Changes in OPEB Liability - The annual OPEB cost is calculated based on the OPEB liability, as actuarially determined. The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB costs and liabilities for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

	Total C	OPEB Liability
Balance as of June 30, 2021	\$	511,982
Changes for the Year		
Service Costs		59,738
Interest		12,234
Changes of economic/demographic gains or losses		-
Changes of assumptions		1,999
Benefit payments		(36,529)
Balance as of June 30, 2022	\$	549,424

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate one percentage point lower (1.16%) or one percentage point higher (3.16%) than the current rate. A similar sensitivity analysis is presented for changes in the healthcare cost trend assumption.

Total OPEB Liability	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(1.16%)	(2.16%)	(3.16%)
	\$ 588,426	\$ 549,424	\$ 512,597
Total OPEB Liability	<u>1% Decrease</u> \$ 488,455	Current Healthcare Cost Trend Rates (3.0% to 5.5%) \$ 549,424	1% Increase \$ 622,620

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

11. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

OPERS Retirement Health Insurance Account (RHIA)

Plan Description - As a member of Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) the City contributes to the Retirement Health Insurance Account (RHIA) for each of its eligible employees. RHIA is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefits other postemployment benefit plan administered by OPERS. RHIA pays a monthly contribution toward the cost of Medicare companion health insurance premiums of eligible retirees. Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) 238.420 established this trust fund. Authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions of RHIA reside with the Oregon Legislature. The plan is closed to new entrants after January 1, 2004. OPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, PO Box 23700, Tigard, OR 97281, or online at: https://www.oregon.gov/pers/Pages/Financials/Actuarial-Financial-Information.aspx

Employer contributions are advance-funded on an actuarially determined basis. There is no inflation assumption for RHIA postemployment benefits because the payment amount is set by statute and is not adjusted for increases in healthcare costs.

Contributions and Benefits Provided - Because RHIA was created by enabling legislation (ORS 238.420), contribution requirements of the plan members and the participating employers were established and may be amended only by the Oregon Legislature. ORS require that an amount equal to \$60 or the total monthly cost of Medicare companion health insurance premiums coverage, whichever is less, shall be paid from the Retirement Health Insurance Account established by the employer, and any monthly cost in excess of \$60 shall be paid by the eligible retired member in the manner provided in ORS 238.410. To be eligible to receive this monthly payment toward the premium cost the member must: (1) have eight years or more of qualifying service in PERS at the time of retirement or receive a disability allowance as if the member had eight years or more of creditable service in PERS, (2) receive both Medicare Parts A and B coverage, and (3) enroll in a PERS sponsored health plan. A surviving spouse or dependent of a deceased PERS retiree who was eligible to receive the subsidy is eligible to receive the subsidy if he or she (1) is receiving a retirement benefit or allowance from PERS or (2) was insured at the time the member died and the member retired before May 1, 1991.

PERS funding policy provides for employer contributions at actuarially determined rates. These contributions, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, are intended to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. Employer contribution rates for the period were based on the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation and a percentage of payroll that first became effective July 1, 2021. The City's contribution rates for the period were 0.05% for Tier One/Tier Two members, and 0.0% for OPSRP members. The City's total for the year ended June 30, 2022 contributions was \$1,927.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

11. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

OPERS Retirement Health Insurance Account (continued)

OPEB Assets, Liabilities, **OPEB** Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB – As of June 30, 2022, the City reported an asset of \$156,974 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB asset, which is included in prepaids and other on the Statement of Net Position. The net OPEB asset was measured as of June 30, 2021 and the total OPEB asset used to calculate the net OPEB asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019 rolled forward to the measurement date. The City's proportion of the net OPEB asset was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the total projected contributions of all employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2022, the City's proportion was 0.0457%, which is a decrease from its proportion of 0.0561% as of June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the city recognized OPEB income of \$11,048. The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB expense/ (income) for the year ended June 30, 2022:

Employer's proportionate share of collective	
system OPEB Expense / (Income)	\$ (25,673)
Net amortization of employer-specific deferred amounts from:	
- Changes in proportionate share	14,625
Total OPEB Expense / (Income)	\$ (11,048)

Components of Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources - At June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Outf	erred low of ources	In	eferred flow of sources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	4,367
Changes of assumptions		3,089		2,335
Net difference bewteen projected and actual earnings on investmen	t	-		37,305
Changes in proportionate share	2	20,159		120
Subtotal - Amortized Deferrals (shown below)	2	23,248		44,127
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,927		-
Deferred Outflows / Inflows of Resources	\$ 2	25,175	\$	44,127

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

11. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

OPERS Retirement Health Insurance Account (continued)

The amount of contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be included as a reduction of the net OPEB liability/(asset) in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows or inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense/(income) as follows:

For the year	
ending	
June 30,	 Total
2023	\$ 1,724
2024	(2,304)
2025	(8,517)
2026	 (11,784)
Total	\$ (20,880)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions – Actuarial methods and assumptions are consistent with those disclosed in the OPERS Pension Plan. See Note 10 – Pension Plan Actuarial Assumptions for additional information on Assumptions and Methods, the Long-Term Expected Rate of Return, and the Discount Rate.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the City's proportional share of the net OPEB asset, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset would be if calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.90%) or one percentage point higher (7.90%) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(5.90%)	(6.90%)	(7.90%)
City's proportionate share of net OPEB Liability/ (Asset)	\$ (138,821)	\$ (156,974)	\$ (172,482)

The RHIA plan is unaffected by health care cost trends since the benefit is limited to a \$60 monthly payment toward Medicare companion insurance premiums. Consequently, disclosure of a healthcare cost trend analysis is not applicable.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued OPERS financial report.

12. OTHER INFORMATION

Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City is currently

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

12. OTHER INFORMATION (continued)

Risk Management (continued)

involved in various legal matters. While the City intends to mount a defense to these matters, the possibility of unfavorable outcomes does exist. The likelihood and related amounts of losses, if any, are not determinable at this time. Management believes these matters will not have a material impact on City operations.

In 1981, the League of Oregon Cities joined together with the Association of Oregon Cities to form City County Insurance Services (CCIS), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for approximately 265 municipal corporations and associated entities in the State of Oregon. CCIS is self-sustaining through member premiums and reinsures through commercial companies for claims in excess of \$2 million for each insured event.

The City continues to carry commercial insurance for other risks of loss, including workers' compensation and employee health and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Interfund Transfers

Cash transfers are indicative of funding for capital projects, debt service, and subsidies of various City operations and re-allocations of special revenues. The non-cash transfers occur when a governmental fund purchases a capital asset which will be used in the operation of a business type activity (or vice versa), or when a governmental fund receives proceeds from or pays principal on long-term obligations reported in a business-type activity fund (or vice versa). The following schedule briefly summarizes the City's transfer activity for the year ended June 30, 2022:

Funds	T	ransfers In	Tr	ansfers Out
Governmental				
General	\$	2,222	\$	2,280,415
Explore Lincoln City		-		71,596
Parks & Recreation		434,178		-
Lincoln Square Operations		245,044		-
Other governmental		470,809		35,008
Proprietary				
Water		-		35,008
Sewer		1,307,004		37,230
	\$	2,459,257	\$	2,459,257

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

12. OTHER INFORMATION (continued)

Construction Commitments

The City has entered into an agreement with Oregon Department of Transportation (ODOT) for Highway 101 NE Neotsu to NE West Devils Lake Road Bike/Pedestrian Improvements. ODOT will pay approximately \$2.7 million to the City for this improvement. In March of 2020, the City Council approved a design-build-contract award for the project, which is expected to cost approximately \$3 million. In April 2020, the City issued a purchase order for \$219,702 for phase 1 of the project. In February of 2021, the City added \$305,194 to that existing purchase order to bring the total amount to \$524,896. In October the City issued another \$10,000 purchase order. In May of 2022 the City added \$43,935 to bring the total amount to \$578,831. As of June 30, 2022, \$570,250 was spent on the purchase orders.

In April 2020, the City issued a purchase order for \$150,723 for the UR Cutler BayWalk Hwy 101 Sidewalk Gap project. As of June 30, 2022, \$146,243 was spent on the purchase order.

In February 2021, the City Council approved \$439,997 plus contingency to be used for upgrading the existing Spyglass Pump Station. In April 2021, the City issued a purchase order for \$439,997. As of June 30, 2022, \$126,101 was spent on the purchase order.

In March 2021, the City Council approved \$440,000 to be used on the Water Treatment Plant Generator Replacement project. In April of 2021 the City issued a purchase order for design for \$32,700. In July 2021 the City issued a purchase order for \$474,300. As of June 30, 2022, \$455,828 has been expended on this project.

In March 2021, the City Council approved a construction contract of \$194,293 to replace the City Hall HVAC control system. As of June 30, 2022, \$179,330 has been expended on this purchase order

In May 2021, the City Council approved \$495,000 plus contingency to be used on the Dewatering Screw Press Project. As of June 30, 2022, \$377,321 has been expended on this purchase order.

In September 2021, the City Council approved \$190,000 for Sewer pumpstation variable frequency upgrades. In October 2021 the City issued a purchase order for \$190,668. As of June 30, 2022, \$83,216 has been expended on this purchase order.

In September 2021, the City Council approved Resolution 2021-41 Emergency Repair for NW Jetty Main. The resolution authorizes the City Manager to award the job. In January 2022, the City issued a purchase order for \$623,200 for emergency repair of the NW Jetty Main. As of June 30, 2022, \$608,530 has been expended on this purchase order.

In October 2021, the City Council approved \$334,217 the Lincoln Square Phase II Lower Parking Lot upgrades. In October 2021 the City issued a purchase order for \$334,217. As of June 30, 2022, \$317,488 has been expended on this purchase order.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

12. OTHER INFORMATION (continued)

Construction Commitments (continued)

In December 2021, the City Council approved \$361,900 to reroof the Community Center. In February 2022 the City issued a purchase order for \$361,900. As of June 30, 2022, \$10,684 has been expended on this purchase order.

In January 2022, the City Council approved \$294,983 for phase I of upgrading utility meters to radio reads. In June 2022, the City issued a purchase order for \$294,983. As of June 30, 2022, \$59,248 has been expended on this purchase order.

In February 2022, the City Council approved \$360,117 for the High School Drive improvement project. In March 2022, the City issued a purchase order for \$360,117. As of June 30, 2022, \$205,879 has been expended on this purchase order.

In April 2022, the City Council approved \$436,225 for a parking lot at Kirtsis Skate Park. In June 2022, the City issued a purchase order for \$436,225. As of June 30, 2022, no amount has been expended on this purchase order.

In May 2022, the City Council approved \$226,485 for 63rd & SW Inlet overlay. In June 2022 the City issued a purchase order for \$226,485. As of June 30, 2002, no amount has been expended on this purchase order.

In June 2022, the City Council approved \$383,537 for the NE Williams Ct Water Main. As of June 30, 2002 no money has been expended for this.

In June 2022, the City issued a purchase order for \$239,472 for purchase of a G-700B motor grader. As of June 30, 2022, no money has been expended for this.

Budget Policies and Budgetary Control

Generally, Oregon Local Budget Law requires annual budgets be adopted for all funds except agency funds. The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for all budgets. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

The City begins its budgeting process by appointing Budget Committee members in the fall of each year. Budget recommendations are developed by management through early spring, with the Budget Committee meeting and approving the budget document in late spring. Public notices of the budget hearing are generally published in May or June and the hearing is held in June. The City adopts the budget, makes appropriations, and declares the tax levy no later than June 30.

Expenditure appropriations may not be legally over-expended, except in the case of spending related to grant receipts and bond sale proceeds which could not be reasonably estimated at the time the budget was adopted.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

12. OTHER INFORMATION (continued)

Budget Policies and Budgetary Controls (continued)

The resolution authorizing the appropriations for each fund sets the level at which expenditures and transfers cannot legally exceed appropriations. The City establishes levels of budgetary control at personal services, materials and services, capital outlay, operating contingencies, and debt services for all funds, except the General Fund, where budgetary control is established at the department level.

Budget amounts shown in the basic financial statements have been revised since the original budget amounts were adopted. The City Council must authorize all appropriation transfers and supplementary budgetary appropriations.

13. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In July 2022, the City Council approved \$1,418,070 for the SE Lee Water Pump Station Construction Award.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF LINCOLN CITY

Lincoln City, Oregon

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

HEALTH INSURANCE CONTINUATION

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	2018 2019		2020		2021		2022			
Total OPEB Liability										
Service Cost	\$	44,858	\$	42,313	\$	37,408	\$	41,833	\$	59,738
Interest		16,413		20,231		20,014		18,783		12,234
Changes in economic/demographic gains or losses		-		39,560		-		(51,539)		-
Changes in assumptions		(28,874)		(97,082)		12,440		35,032		1,999
Benefit payments		(41,145)		(40,205)		(56,121)		(53,416)		(36,529)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(8,748)		(35,183)		13,741		(9,307)		37,442
Total OPEB liability - beginning		551,479		542,731		507,548		521,289		511,982
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	542,731	\$	507,548	\$	521,289	\$	511,982	\$	549,424
Covered-employee payroll	\$8	,028,837	\$8	,621,321	\$8	,960,286	\$8	,928,070	\$9	,294,505
Total OEPB liability as a percentage										
of covered-employee payroll		6.76%		5.89%		5.82%		5.73%		5.91%

Note: This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

CITY OF LINCOLN CITY

Lincoln City, Oregon

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB (ASSET) / LIABILITY

OPERS RETIREMENT HEALTH INSURANCE ACCOUNT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Fiscal Year	City's proportion of the net OPEB (asset)/liability	sha ne	City's portionate are of the et OPEB set)/liability	City's covered employee payroll	City's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset)/liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability
2017	0.07183499%	\$	19,508	\$7,678,745	0.25%	94.2%
2018	0.07009318		(29,253)	8,028,837	-0.36%	108.9
2019	0.06690803		(74,688)	8,621,321	-0.87%	124.0
2020	0.07153686		(138,235)	8,960,286	-1.54%	144.4
2021	0.05605109		(114,210)	8,928,070	-1.28%	150.1
2022	0.04571168		(156,974)	9,294,505	-1.69%	183.9

Note: This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

CITY OF LINCOLN CITY

Lincoln City, Oregon

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

OPERS RETIREMENT HEALTH INSURANCE ACCOUNT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Fiscal Year	re	ntractually equired tributions	re	ontributions in elation to the contractually required contributions	Contribution deficiency/ (excess)		 City's covered employee payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll
2017	\$	40,618	\$	40,618	\$	-	\$ 7,678,745	0.53%
2018		32,396		32,396		-	8,028,837	0.40
2019		35,455		35,455		-	8,621,321	0.41
2020		4,003		4,003		-	8,960,286	0.04
2021		1,223		1,223		-	8,928,070	0.01
2022		1,927		1,927		-	9,294,505	0.02

Note: This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

Lincoln City, Oregon

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION (ASSET) / LIABILITY

OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Fiscal Year	City's proportion of the net pension (asset)/liability	City's proportionate share of the net pension (asset)/liability	City's covered employee payroll	City's proportionate share of the net pension (asset)/liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2014	0.07669903%	\$ 3,914,064	\$7,456,657	52.5%	92.0%
2015	0.07669903	(1,738,548)	7,695,975	-22.6%	103.6
2016	0.08575513	4,923,598	7,676,583	64.1%	91.9
2017	0.07758981	11,648,031	7,888,036	147.7%	80.5
2018	0.07083796	9,548,984	7,678,745	124.4%	83.1
2019	0.07086270	10,734,766	8,028,837	133.7%	82.1
2020	0.06996703	12,102,621	8,621,321	140.4%	80.2
2021	0.07429672	16,214,100	8,960,286	181.0%	75.8
2022	0.07009325	8,387,695	8,928,070	93.9%	87.6

Note: This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

Lincoln City, Oregon

SCHEDULE OF PENSION PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS

OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Fiscal Year	Contractually required contributions	Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions	Contribution excess/ (deficiency)	City's covered employee payroll	Contractual contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll
2014	\$ 613,563	\$ 613,563	-	\$ 7,695,975	8.0%
2015	599,044	599,044	-	7,676,583	7.8
2016	670,745	670,745	-	7,888,036	8.5
2017	747,380	747,380	-	7,678,745	9.7
2018	857,176	857,176	-	8,028,837	10.7
2019	953,119	953,119	-	8,621,321	11.1
2020	1,345,467	1,345,467	625,000	8,960,286	15.0
2021	1,372,066	1,372,066	1,987,827	8,928,070	15.4
2022	1,676,734	1,676,734	-	9,294,505	18.0

Note: This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budget					Variance with Final Budget	
		Original	gei	Final		Actual	Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:		Original		T IIIGI		rotaal	
Property taxes	\$	7,786,358	\$	7,786,358	\$	8,099,785	\$ 313,427
Franchise fees	*	1,087,754	Ŧ	1,087,754	Ŧ	1,095,183	7,429
Transient room tax		1,479,571		1,479,571		2,102,207	622,636
Fees, licenses and permits		713,698		713,698		948,559	234,861
Fines, and forfeitures		190,550		190,550		238,980	48,430
Charges for services		54,080		54,080		54,080	-
Intergovernmental		742,950		742,950		825,232	82,282
Lease revenue				- 12,000		88,105	88,105
Interest		76,900		76,900		67,053	(9,847)
Miscellaneous		394,193		394,193		460,746	66,553
TOTAL REVENUES		12,526,054		12,526,054		13,979,930	1,453,876
EXPENDITURES:							
City council		33,628		33,628		33,265	363
City administration		751,262		876,262		872,719	3,543
Finance		877,648		897,648		862,031	35,617
Library		1,106,045		1,106,852		1,060,851	46,001
Municipal court		115,260		115,260		110,642	4,618
City attorney		270,780		290,780		262,117	28,663
Planning		532,591		582,591		571,785	10,806
Building inspection		362,479		452,479		495,934	(43,455)
a							
Economic Development		1,065,330		1,065,330		827,549	237,781
Police		5,679,445		5,679,445		5,329,914	349,531
Dispatch Center		1,272,300		1,272,300		1,206,667	65,633
Non-departmental		508,970		508,970		383,362	125,608
Debt service		-		-		5,835	(5,835)
Contingencies		894,291		589,291		-	589,291
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		13,470,029		13,470,836		12,022,671	1,448,165
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(943,975)		(944,782)		1,957,259	2,902,041
		(010,010)		(011,702)		1,007,200	2,002,011
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-		-		42,312	42,312
Transfers in		625,394		625,394		625,394	-
Transfers out		(773,352)		(2,173,411)		(2,173,411)	<u> </u>
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING							
SOURCES (USES)		(147,958)		(1,548,017)		(1,505,705)	42,312
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(1,091,933)		(2,492,799)		451,554	2,944,353
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		7,091,933		8,491,992		10,666,678	2,174,686
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	6,000,000	\$	5,999,193	\$	11,118,232	\$ 5,119,039
Change in fund balance - budgetary basis					\$	451,554	
Loan repayments reported as reduction in receivable					Ψ		
					¢	(50,346)	<u> </u>
Change in fund balance - GAAP basis					\$	401,208	=
Fund balance - budgetary basis					\$	11,118,232	
Balance of loans receivable					Ψ	702,893	
Fund balance - GAAP basis					\$	11,821,125	-
		65			Ψ	11,021,120	=
		bb					

EXPLORE LINCOLN CITY

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

- <u></u>	Bud	lget		Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
REVENUES: Transient room tax Interest on investments Miscellaneous	\$ 2,220,361 18,500 26,150	\$ 2,220,361 18,500 26,150	\$ 3,197,197 19,659 531	\$ 976,836
TOTAL REVENUES	2,265,011	2,265,011	3,217,387	952,376
EXPENDITURES: Explore Lincoln City operations Debt service Contingency	2,377,353 - 1,876,723	2,438,353 - 1,815,723	1,678,391 816 -	759,962 (816) 1,815,723
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	4,254,076	4,254,076	1,679,207	2,574,869
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(1,989,065)	(1,989,065)	1,538,180	3,527,245
OTHER FINANCING USES: Transfers out	(112,790)	(112,790)	(112,790)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(2,101,855)	(2,101,855)	1,425,390	3,527,245
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	2,101,855	2,101,855	3,122,429	1,020,574
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$-	\$-	\$ 4,547,819	\$ 4,547,819
Change in fund balance - budgetary basis Reduction in COVID Relief recorded as prepaid Allowance for doubtful COVID Relief prepaids Change in fund balance - GAAP basis			\$ 1,425,390 (96,167) (172,600) \$ 1,156,623	
Fund balance - budgetary basis Net balance of COVID Relief recorded as prepaid Fund balance - GAAP basis			\$ 4,547,819 429,218 \$ 4,977,037	

Lincoln City, Oregon

PARKS AND RECREATION FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Buc	lget		Variance with Final Budget	
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES: Transient room tax Charges for services Intergovernmental Interest on investments Miscellaneous	\$ 1,455,955 304,605 269,687 11,800 228	\$ 1,455,955 304,605 269,687 11,800 228	\$ 2,096,606 359,031 395,708 11,879 31,247	\$ 640,651 54,426 126,021 79 31,019	
TOTAL REVENUES	2,042,275	2,042,275	2,894,471	852,196	
EXPENDITURES: Parks operations Recreation center Contingency	1,436,931 1,429,245 817,091	1,449,431 1,429,245 817,091	1,168,328 1,159,339 	281,103 269,906 817,091	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	3,683,267	3,695,767	2,327,667	1,368,100	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(1,640,992)	(1,653,492)	566,804	2,220,296	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in Transfers out	421,678 (24,500)	434,178 (24,500)	434,178 (24,500)	-	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	397,178	409,678	409,678		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(1,243,814)	(1,243,814)	976,482	2,220,296	
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	1,743,814	1,743,814	1,446,192	(297,622)	
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ 500,000	\$ 500,000	\$ 2,422,674	\$ 1,922,674	
Transfers out - budgetary basis Transfer for support services Transfers out - GAAP basis			\$ 24,500 (24,500) \$ -		
Total expenditures - budgetary basis Transfer for support services Total expenditures - GAAP basis			\$ 2,327,667 24,500 \$ 2,352,167		
			,,,,		

Lincoln City, Oregon

LINCOLN SQUARE OPERATIONS FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budget				Fin	iance with al Budget	
	(Original		Final	 Actual	Positiv	/e (Negative)
REVENUES:							
Lease revenue	\$	192,300	\$	192,300	\$ 157,850	\$	(34,450)
Intergovernmental		950		950	-		(950)
Interest		1,400		1,400	89,024		87,624
Miscellaneous		37,500		37,500	 41,039		3,539
TOTAL REVENUES		232,150		232,150	 287,913		55,763
EXPENDITURES:							
Lincoln square maintenance		461,360		506,360	460,656		45,704
Contingency		223,585		178,585	 -		178,585
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		694 045		694 045	460.656		224.220
IOTAL EXPENDITURES		684,945		684,945	 460,656		224,289
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(452,795)		(452,795)	(172,743)		280,052
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Transfers in		245,044		245,044	 245,044		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(207,751)		(207,751)	72,301		280,052
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		207,751		207,751	 228,592		20,841
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$		\$		\$ 300,893	\$	300,893

CITY OF LINCOLN CITY, OREOGN

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Budget Policies and Budgetary Control

Generally, Oregon Local Budget Law requires annual budgets to be adopted for all funds except agency funds. The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for all budgets. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The City begins its budgeting process by appointing Budget Committee members in the fall of each year. Budget recommendations are developed by management through early spring, with the Budget Committee meeting and approving the budget document in late spring. Public notices of the budget hearing are generally published in May or June and the hearing is held in June. The City adopts the budget, makes appropriations, and declares the tax levy no later than June 30.

Expenditure appropriations may not be legally over-expended, except in the case of spending related to grant receipts and bond sale proceeds which could not be reasonably estimated at the time the budget was adopted.

The resolution authorizing the appropriations for each fund sets the level at which expenditures and transfers cannot legally exceed appropriations. The City establishes levels of budgetary control at personal services, materials and services, capital outlay, special payments, debt servce, and operating contingencies for all funds, except the General Fund and Internal Service Fund, where budgetary control is established at the department level.

Budget amounts shown in the basic financial statements have been revised since the original budget amounts were adopted. The City Council must authorize all appropriation transfers and supplementary budgetary appropriations.

City Council approved one change to the fiscal year 2021-22 General Fund adopted budget. These changes recatergorized operating expenditures to reflect actual spending patterns. It also added a transfer of funds to the Sewer Capital fund of \$1.2 million to finance the emergency repair and construction of the NW Jetty force main.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

JUNE 30, 2022

ASSETS:	Rev	Special venue Funds	ot Service Fund	Capital Project Funds	Totals
Cash and investments	\$	2,617,172	\$ 47,429	\$ 8,194,918	\$ 10,859,519
Cash with County Treasurer		661	-	-	661
Receivables Lease receivables		1,314,947	-	402,255	1,717,202
Assets held for sale		560,822	 -		560,822
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	4,493,602	\$ 47,429	<u>\$ 8,597,173</u>	<u>\$ 13,138,204</u>
LIABILITIES:					
Accounts payable	\$	89,182	\$ 47,429	\$ 507,962	\$ 644,573
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Unavailable revenue, property taxes		3,355	_	_	3,355
Deferred inflow - leases			-	-	-
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		3,355	 -	-	3,355
FUND BALANCES:					
Nonspendable in form		1,346,449	_		1,346,449
Restricted for:		1,040,440			1,040,440
Capital projects		-	-	7,129,972	7,129,972
Road construction/maintenance		2,135,703	-	-	2,135,703
Tourism promotion		-		-	
Urban renewal		522,322	-	-	522,322
Parks maintenance Debt service		-	-	-	-
Committed to:		-	-	-	-
Capital projects		-		-	-
Affordable housing		300,647	-	-	300,647
Maintenance		-	-	-	-
Art and education		95,944	-	-	95,944
Assigned to:					
Capital projects		-	 -	959,239	959,239
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		4,401,065	 -	8,089,211	12,490,276
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	4,493,602	\$ 47,429	\$ 8,597,173	\$ 13,138,204

Lincoln City, Oregon

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

	Special Revenue Funds	Debt Service Fund	Capital Project Funds	Eliminations	Totals
REVENUES:				Eliminations	10(0)0
Property taxes	\$ 166,384	\$ (65,594)	\$ -	\$-	\$ 100,790
Transient room tax	2,096,606	¢ (00,001) -	1,048,810	-	3,145,416
Rents	25,281	-	-	-	25,281
Lease revenue		-	-	-	
Charges for services	19,171	-	245,570	-	264,741
Intergovernmental	- , -	-	1,109,957	-	1,109,957
Interest on investments	11,376	-	42,649	-	54,025
Miscellaneous	52,590	-	6,782	-	59,372
				·	
TOTAL REVENUES	2,371,408	(65,594)	2,453,768		4,759,582
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General government	157,785	-	-	-	157,785
Highways and streets	1,140,252	-	343,987	-	1,484,239
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	-
Art and education	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	42,766	-	2,139,063	-	2,181,829
Debt service	840		617,275		618,115
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,341,643		3,100,325		4,441,968
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	1,029,765	(65,594)	(646,557)	-	317,614
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Proceeds from sale of equipment	139,003	-	-	-	139,003
Transfers in	7,986	-	470.809	(7,986)	470,809
Transfers out	(35,008)	-	(7,986)	7,986	(35,008)
	(00,000)				
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	111,981		462,823		574,804
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	1,141,746	(65,594)	(183,734)	-	892,418
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	3,259,319	65,594	8,272,945		11,597,858
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ 4,401,065	\$-	\$ 8,089,211	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 12,490,276

Lincoln City, Oregon

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

JUNE 30, 2022

	Workforce Housing	Street Operations	Urban Renewal Property Rehabilitation Program	Urban Renewal Tax Increment Roads End
ASSETS: Cash and investments	\$ 375,683	\$1,621,397	\$ 328,681	\$ 167,353
Cash with County Treasurer	φ 575,005	φ1,021,007 -	φ 520,001	661
Receivables	84,891	519,715	706,986	3,355
Lease receivables	-	-	-	-
Assets held for Sale	560,822			
TOTAL ASSETS	\$1,021,396	\$2,141,112	\$ 1,035,667	\$ 171,369
LIABILITIES:				
Accounts payable	\$ 75,036	\$ 5,409	\$ 3,656	\$ -
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Unavailable revenue, taxes		<u> </u>		3,355
FUND BALANCES:				
Nonspendable in form	645,713	-	700,736	-
Restricted for:		0 405 700		
Road construction/maintenance Urban Renewal	-	2,135,703	- 331,275	- 168,014
Committed to:	_	-	551,275	100,014
Affordable housing	300,647	-	-	-
Maintenance	-	-	-	-
Art and education				
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	946,360	2,135,703	1,032,011	168,014
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$1,021,396	\$2,141,112	\$ 1,035,667	<u>\$ 171,369</u>

Urban Renewal	Percent for Art	Totals
\$28,114 -	\$95,944 -	\$ 2,617,172 661
-	-	1,314,947
	-	560,822
\$28,114	\$95,944	\$ 4,493,602
\$ 5,081	\$ -	\$ 89,182
		3,355
-	-	1,346,449
- 23,033	-	2,135,703 522,322
-	-	300,647
	95,944	95,944
23,033	95,944	4,401,065
\$28,114	\$95,944	\$ 4,493,602

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

REVENUES:	Workforce Housing	Street Operations	Urban Renewal Property Rehabilitation Program	Urban Renewal Tax Increment Roads End
	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 166,384
Property taxes Transient room tax	ф -	ъ	ф -	\$ 100,384
Rents	25,281	2,030,000	-	-
Charges for services		19,171	-	-
Interest on investments	2,042	7,917	(948)	1,359
Miscellaneous		52,319		271
TOTAL REVENUES	27,323	2,176,013	(948)	168,014
EXPENDITURES:				
Current				
General government	97,324	-	8,001	-
Highways and streets	-	1,140,252	-	-
Debt service	-	840	-	-
Capital outlay		6,766		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	97,324	1,147,858	8,001	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(70,001)	1,028,155	(8,949)	168,014
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	139,003	-	-	-
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Transfers out		(35,008)		-
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	139,003	(35,008)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	69,002	993,147	(8,949)	168,014
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	877,358	1,142,556	1,040,960	
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ 946,360	\$ 2,135,703	\$ 1,032,011	\$ 168,014

Urban Renewal	Percent for Art	Totals
\$ - - - 346	\$ - - - 660	\$ 166,384 2,096,606 25,281 19,171 11,376 52,500
346	660	<u>52,590</u> 2,371,408
52,460 - -	- - - 36,000	157,785 1,140,252 840 42,766
52,460	36,000	1,341,643
(52,114)	(35,340)	1,029,765
-	7,986	139,003 7,986 (35,008)
	7,986	111,981
(52,114)	(27,354)	1,141,746
75,147	123,298	3,259,319
\$ 23,033	\$ 95,944	\$ 4,401,065

Lincoln City, Oregon

WORKFORCE HOUSING

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022									
	Original/Final Budget		Actual		iance with al Budget /e (Negative)				
REVENUES:									
Rents	\$ 15,000	\$	25,281	\$	10,281				
Interest on investments	2,300		2,042	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(258)				
TOTAL REVENUES	17,300		27,323		10,023				
EXPENDITURES:									
Workforce housing	102,418		22,324		80,094				
Special payments	275,000		75,000		200,000				
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	377,418		97,324		280,094				
REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	(360,118)		(70,001)	·	290,117				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Proceeds from sale of capital assets	150,000		139,003		139,003				
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(210,118)		69,002		279,120				
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	210,118		231,645		21,527				
FUND BALANCE, end of year	<u>\$</u> -	\$	300,647	\$	300,647				
Fund balance - budgetary basis Balance of loans receivable Assets held for sale		\$	300,647 84,891 560,822						
Fund balance - GAAP basis		\$	946,360	I					

STREET OPERATIONS FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FUR THE YEAR END	<u>JED JUNE 30, 202</u>	2	
	Original/Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES: Transient room tax Charges for services Interest on investments Miscellaneous	\$ 1,455,955 17,000 4,300 -	\$ 2,096,606 19,171 7,917 52,319	\$ 640,651 2,171 3,617 52,319
TOTAL REVENUES	1,477,255	2,176,013	698,758
EXPENDITURES: Street maintenance Debt service Contingency	1,300,619 - 585,600	1,071,722 840 -	228,897 (840) 585,600
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,886,219	1,072,562	813,657
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(408,964)	1,103,451	1,512,415
OTHER FINANCING USES: Transfers out	(110,304)	(110,304)	. <u> </u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(519,268)	993,147	1,512,415
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	1,996,523	1,142,556	(853,967)
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ 1,477,255	\$ 2,135,703	\$ 658,448
Transfers out - budgetary basis Transfer for support services Transfers out - GAAP basis		\$ 110,304 (75,296) \$ 35,008	
Total expenditures - budgetary basis Transfer for support services Total expenditures - GAAP basis		\$ 1,072,562 75,296 \$ 1,147,858	

Lincoln City, Oregon

URBAN RENEWAL PROPERTY REHABILITATION PROGRAM FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDE				
	 ginal/Final Budget	 Actual		riance with al Budget <u>ve (Negative</u>)
REVENUES:				
Loan repayments	\$ 80,000	\$ 133,489	\$	53,489
Interest on investments	 800	(948)	·	(1,748)
TOTAL REVENUES	 80,800	 132,541		51,741
EXPENDITURES:				
Materials and services	10,000	6,801		3,199
Special payments	 381,997	 1,200		380,797
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 391,997	 8,001		383,996
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(311,197)	124,540		435,737
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	 311,197	 206,735		(104,462)
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ -	\$ 331,275	\$	331,275
Fund balance - budgetary basis		\$ 331,275		
Balance of loans receivable		 700,736		
Fund balance - GAAP basis		\$ 1,032,011	ı	
Change in fund balance - budgetary basis		\$ 124,540		
Loan repayments reported as reduction in receivable		 (133,489)		
Changes in fund balance - GAAP basis		\$ (8,949)	1	

Lincoln City, Oregon

URBAN RENEWAL TAX INCREMENT FUND - ROADS END

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	•	inal/Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative		
REVENUES: Property taxes Interest on investments Miscellaneous	\$	166,729 - -	\$ 166,384 1,359 271	\$	(345) 1,359 271	
TOTAL REVENUES		166,729	 168,014	. <u> </u>	1,285	
EXPENDITURES: Debt service		166,729	 -		166,729	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-	168,014		168,014	
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year			 -		-	
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$		\$ 168,014	\$	168,014	

Lincoln City, Oregon

URBAN RENEWAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Original/Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget P <u>ositive (Negative</u>)
REVENUES: Interest on investments	\$ 768	\$ 346	\$ (422)
EXPENDITURES: Materials and services	41,956	52,460	(10,504)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(41,188)	(52,114)	(10,926)
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	41,188	75,147	33,959
FUND BALANCE, end of year	<u>\$-</u>	\$ 23,033	\$ 23,033

PERCENT FOR ART FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Original/Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget P <u>ositive (Negative</u>)		
REVENUES:					
Interest on investments	\$ 1,400	\$ 660	\$ (740)		
EXPENDITURES:					
Materials and services	10,000	-	10,000		
Capital outlay	100,265	36,000	64,265		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	110,265	36,000	74,265		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(108,865)	(35,340)	73,525		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Transfers in	15,000	7,986	(7,014)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(93,865)	(27,354)	66,511		
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	93,865	123,298	29,433		
FUND BALANCE, end of year	<u>\$-</u>	\$ 95,944	<u>\$ 95,944</u>		

DEBT SERVICE FUND

Lincoln City, Oregon

DEBT SERVICE FUND - URBAN RENEWAL TAX INCREMENT FUND - Y2000 DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Original/ Bud		Actual	Fin	iance with al Budget re (Negative)
REVENUES: Property taxes	\$	-	\$ (65,594)	\$	(65,594)
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		-	 65,594		65,594
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$		\$ _	\$	

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

JUNE 30, 2022

	nsportation velopment		Hwy 101 provement	tersection provement	D	Storm rainage velopment	De	rk System velopment Charge
ASSETS: Cash and investments Receivables	\$ 810,271 -	\$	91,668 73,125	\$ 143,310 -	\$	71,593 -	\$	651,080 693
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 810,271	\$	164,793	\$ 143,310	\$	71,593	\$	651,773
LIABILITIES: Accounts payable	\$ 4,889	\$		\$ -	\$		\$	9,134
FUND BALANCES: Restricted for: Capital projects Assigned to:	805,382		164,793	143,310		71,593		642,639
Capital projects TOTAL FUND BALANCES	 805,382	_	- 164,793	 - 143,310		- 71,593		642,639
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 810,271	\$	164,793	\$ 143,310	\$	71,593	\$	651,773

Parks Capital	Facilities Capital	Police Building Bond 2018	Street Capital	Urban Renewal Construction	Total
\$ 561,326	\$ 1,280,159 259,857	\$ 987,228	\$ 3,417,471 68,580	\$ 180,812	\$ 8,194,918 402,255
\$ 561,326	\$ 1,540,016	\$ 987,228	\$ 3,486,051	\$ 180,812	\$ 8,597,173
<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 257,273	\$ 27,989	\$ 206,407	\$ 2,270	\$ 507,962
561,326	1,282,743	_	3.279.644	178,542	7,129,972
561,326	1,282,743	<u>959,239</u> 959,239	3,279,644	178,542	<u>959,239</u> 8,089,211
\$ 561,326	\$ 1,540,016	\$ 987,228	\$ 3,486,051	\$ 180,812	<u>\$ 8,597,173</u>

Lincoln City, Oregon

NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

	Transportation Development	N Hwy 101 Improvement	Intersection Improvement	Storm Drainage Development	Parks System Development Charge
REVENUES:		۴	¢	Φ.	¢
Transient room tax	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Charges for services Intergovernmental	63,648	24,190 241,698	-	4,223	153,509 7,672
Intergovernmental	4,597	(108)	- 798	389	3,685
Miscellaneous	4,597	(108)	790	509	782
Miscellaricous					102
TOTAL REVENUES	68,245	265,780	798	4,612	165,648
EXPENDITURES:					
Materials and services	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	78,746	295,115	-	-	126,350
Debt service	-	-	-		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	78,746	295,115			126,350
TOTAL EXPENDITORES	70,740	295,115	<u>-</u>		120,330
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(10,501)	(29,335)	798	4,612	39,298
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	(1,983)		-	-	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(1,983)			-	-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(12,484)	(29,335)	798	4,612	39,298
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	817,866	194,128	142,512	66,981	603,341
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ 805,382	<u>\$ 164,793</u>	\$ 143,310	\$ 71,593	\$ 642,639

Parks	Facilities	Police Building	Street		
 Capital	Capital	Bond 2018	Capital	Construction	Totals
\$ -	\$ 1,048,810	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,048,810 245,570
-	-	-	- 860,587	-	1,109,957
3,126	7,524	2,773	18,794	1,071	42,649
 -	6,000				6,782
 3,126	1,062,334	2,773	879,381	1,071	2,453,768
-	-	-	343,987	-	343,987
-	631,537	190,574	792,701	24,040	2,139,063
 -	617,275			-	617,275
 	1,248,812	190,574	1,136,688	24,040	3,100,325
3,126	(186,478)	(187,801)	(257,307)	(22,969)	(646,557)
_	_	187,559	283,250	-	470,809
-	(3,740)	(622)	(1,641)	-	(7,986)
 -	(3,740)	186,937	281,609		462,823
3,126	(190,218)	(864)	24,302	(22,969)	(183,734)
 558,200	1,472,961	960,103	3,255,342	201,511	8,272,945
\$ 561,326	\$ 1,282,743	<u>\$ 959,239</u>	\$ 3,279,644	\$ 178,542	\$ 8,089,211

Lincoln City, Oregon

TRANSPORTATION DEVELOPMENT FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022								
	Original/Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget P <u>ositive (Negative</u>)					
REVENUES: Improvement fee Interest on investments	\$ 80,000 7,000	\$ 63,648 4,597	\$ (16,352) (2,403)					
TOTAL REVENUES	87,000	68,245	(18,755)					
EXPENDITURES: Capital outlay	892,001	78,746	813,255					
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(805,001)	(10,501)	794,500					
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Transfers out	(5,000)	(1,983)	3,017					
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(810,001)	(12,484)	797,517					
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	810,001	817,866	7,865					
FUND BALANCE, end of year	<u>\$-</u>	\$ 805,382	<u>\$ 805,382</u>					

Lincoln City, Oregon

N HWY 101 IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Original/Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget P <u>ositive (Negative</u>)
REVENUES: Improvement fee Intergovernmental Interest on investments	\$ 25,000 2,667,000 500	\$ 24,190 241,698 (108)	\$ (810) (2,425,302) (608)
TOTAL REVENUES	2,692,500	265,780	(2,426,720)
EXPENDITURES: Capital outlay	2,849,489	295,115	2,554,374
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(156,989)	(29,335)	127,654
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	156,989	194,128	37,139
FUND BALANCE, end of year	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 164,793	<u>\$ 164,793</u>

Lincoln City, Oregon

INTERSECTION IMPROVEMENT FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Original/Final Budget			Actual	Variance with Final Budget P <u>ositive (Negative</u>)		
REVENUES: Interest on investments	\$		\$ 798		\$	(702)	
EXPENDITURES: Capital outlay		144,300		-		144,300	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(142,800)		798		143,598	
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		142,800		142,512		(288)	
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$		\$	143,310	\$	143,310	

STORM DRAINAGE DEVELOPMENT FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE TEAR ENDEL	JUNE	<u>30, 2022</u>			
	0	inal/Final Judget	Variance with Final Budget P <u>ositive (Negativ</u> e)		
REVENUES: Improvement fee Interest on investments	\$	2,983 1,100	\$ 4,223 389	\$	1,240 (711)
TOTAL REVENUES		4,083	 4,612	. <u> </u>	529
EXPENDITURES: Capital outlay		110,053	 -		110,053
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(105,970)	4,612		110,582
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		105,970	 66,981		(38,989)
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	-	\$ 71,593	\$	71,593

Lincoln City, Oregon

PARKS SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT CHARGE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE TEAK ENDED	JUNE	<u> </u>				
	Ori	iginal/Final Budget		Actual	Fin	iance with al Budget /e (Negative)
REVENUES: Improvement fee	\$ 180,000 \$ 153,509				\$	(26,491)
Intergovernmental	+, +,			7,672	Ψ	1,172
Interest on investments		8,200		3,685		(4,515)
Miscellaneous		-		782		782
TOTAL REVENUES		194,700		165,648		(29,052)
EXPENDITURES: Capital outlay		830,335		126,350		703,985
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(635,635)		39,298		674.933
						·
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		635,635		603,341		(32,294)
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	-	\$	642,639	\$	642,639

PARKS CAPITAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Original/Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget P <u>ositive (Negative</u>)
REVENUES: Interest on investments	\$ 5,300	\$ 3,126	\$ (2,174)
EXPENDITURES: Capital outlay	564,347		564,347
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(559,047)	3,126	562,173
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	559,047	558,200	(847)
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$-	\$ 561,326	\$ 561,326

FACILITIES CAPITAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Bu Original	dget Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES: Transient room tax Interest on investments Miscellaneous	\$ 727,978 12,600	\$ 727,978 12,600	\$ 1,048,810 7,524 6,000	\$ 320,832 (5,076) 6,000	
TOTAL REVENUES	740,578	740,578	1,062,334	321,756	
EXPENDITURES: Capital outlay Debt service TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,798,209 220,372 2,018,581	1,391,306 617,275 2,008,581	631,537 617,275 1,248,812	759,769	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(1,278,003)	(1,268,003)	(186,478)	1,081,525	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out		(10,000)	(3,740)	6,260	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(1,278,003)	(1,278,003)	(190,218)	1,087,785	
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	1,278,003	1,278,003	1,472,961	194,958	
FUND BALANCE, end of year	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$-</u>	\$ 1,282,743	\$ 1,282,743	

Lincoln City, Oregon

POLICE BUILDING BOND 2018 FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Budget					Variance with Final Budget		
	0	riginal	Final		Actual		Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES:									
Interest on investments	\$	2,000	\$	2,000	\$	2,773	\$	773	
EXPENDITURES:									
Capital outlay		965,510		1,148,069		190,574		957,495	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(963,510)	((1,146,069)		(187,801)		958,268	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Transfers in		-		187,559		187,559		-	
Transfers out		-		(5,000)		(622)		4,378	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		-		182,559		186,937		4,378	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(963,510)		(963,510)		(864)		962,646	
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		963,510		963,510		960,103		(3,407)	
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$		\$		\$	959,239	\$	959,239	

STREET CAPITAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022								
	Original/Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget P <u>ositive (Negative</u>)					
REVENUES:								
Intergovernmental	\$ 836,033	\$ 860,587	\$ 24.554					
Interest on investments	21,900	18,794	(3,106)					
	21,000	10,701	(0,100)					
TOTAL REVENUES	857,933	879,381	21,448					
EXPENDITURES:								
	0 500 500	4 400 000	0 450 0 40					
Street improvements	3,593,530	1,136,688	2,456,842					
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	3,593,530	1,136,688	2,456,842					
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(2,735,597)	(257,307)	2,478,290					
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:								
Transfers in	283,250	283,250	-					
Transfers out	(5,000)	(1,641)	3,359					
	(0,000)	(1,011)	0,000					
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	278,250	281,609	3,359					
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(2,457,347)	24,302	2,481,649					
	(_, ,)	,50_	_, ,					
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	2,457,347	3,255,342	797,995					
- ,	_, ,	,, 	,					
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$-	\$ 3,279,644	\$ 3,279,644					

Lincoln City, Oregon

URBAN RENEWAL CONSTRUCTION FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Original/Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget P <u>ositive (Negative</u>)		
REVENUES: Interest on investments	\$ 5,300	\$ 1,071	\$ (4,229)		
EXPENDITURES: Capital outlay	\$ 460,242	24,040	436,202		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(454,942)	(22,969)	431,973		
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	454,942	201,511	(253,431)		
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ -	\$ 178,542	<u>\$ 178,542</u>		

WATER FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Buc	lget		Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual I	Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:				
Charges for services	\$ 4,042,880	\$ 4,042,880	\$ 4,357,085	\$ 314,205
Intergovernmental	60,000	60,000	56,939	(3,061)
Interest on investments	4,500	4,500	(3,341)	(7,841)
Miscellaneous	1,000	1,000	12,080	11,080
TOTAL REVENUES	4,108,380	4,108,380	4,422,763	314,383
EXPENDITURES:				
Water utility maintenance	2,493,844	2,518,844	2,385,189	133,655
Debt service	50,673	50,673	51,512	(839)
Contingency	430,141	405,141	-	405,141
5 7		· · · · ·		<u>/</u>
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,974,658	2,974,658	2,436,701	537,957
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	1,133,722	1,133,722	1,986,062	852,340
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES).				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out	(1,734,027)	(1,734,027)	(1,734,027)	_
Proceeds from sale of equipment	(1,734,027)	(1,734,027)	3,555	3,555
			0,000	0,000
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(1,734,027)	(1,734,027)	(1,730,472)	3,555
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(600,305)	(600,305)	255,590	855,895
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	600,305	600,305	558,904	(41,401)
FUND BALANCE, end of year	<u>\$-</u>	\$-	\$ 814,494	\$ 814,494

WATER CAPITAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022							
	Original/Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget P <u>ositive (Negative</u>)				
REVENUES: Intergovernmental Interest on investments	\$- 13,500	\$ 232,861 20,792	\$ 232,861 7,292				
TOTAL REVENUES	13,500	253,653	240,153				
EXPENDITURES: Capital outlay	3,400,700	651,326	2,749,374				
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(3,387,200)	(397,673)	2,989,527				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in Transfers out	1,000,000 (5,000)	1,000,000	(5,000)				
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):	995,000	1,000,000	5,000				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(2,392,200)	602,327	2,994,527				
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	2,392,200	2,415,803	23,603				
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$-	\$ 3,018,130	\$ 3,018,130				

WATER SDC REIMBURSEMENT FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE TEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022							
	0	al/Final lget		Actual	Fin	iance with al Budget <u>⁄e (Negative</u>)	
REVENUES:							
System development charges Interest on investments	\$ 1	17,300 1,904	\$	137,235 3,146	\$	19,935 1,242	
TOTAL REVENUES	1	19,204		140,381		21,177	
EXPENDITURES: Capital outlay	6	14,420		19,900		594,520	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(1	95,216)		120,481		615.697	
CHANGE IN I UND BALANCE	(4	35,210)		120,401		013,037	
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	4	95,216		496,215		999	
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	-	\$	616,696	\$	616,696	

WATER SDC IMPROVEMENT FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR END	ED JUNE 30, 202	22				
	Original/Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget P <u>ositive (Negative</u>)			
REVENUES: System development charges Interest on investments	\$	\$ 52,302	\$ 6,402 (581)			
TOTAL REVENUES	48,000	53,821	5,821			
EXPENDITURES: Capital outlay	288,403		288,403			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(240,403)	53,821	294,224			
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	240,403	239,486	(917)			
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$-	\$ 293,307	\$ 293,307			

WATER BOND FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE TEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022								
	Original/Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget P <u>ositive (Negativ</u> e)					
REVENUES:								
Interest on investments	\$ 200	\$ 1,439	\$ 1,239					
EXPENDITURES: Debt service	461,623	456,610	5,013					
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(461,423)	(455,171)	6,252					
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES: Transfers in	450,000	450,000	. <u> </u>					
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(11,423)	(5,171)	6,252					
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	11,423	10,706	(717)					
FUND BALANCE, end of year	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 5,535	\$ 5,535					

SEWER FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Buc	lget		Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:				/
Charges for services	\$ 4,588,822	\$ 4,588,822	\$ 4,850,599	\$ 261,777
Interest on investments	15,000	15,000	3,526	(11,474)
Miscellaneous	115,000	115,000	119,550	4,550
TOTAL REVENUES	4,718,822	4,718,822	4,973,675	254,853
EXPENDITURES:				
Sewer utility maintenance	3,447,061	3,896,502	3,037,706	858,796
Debt service	55,087	55,087	55,927	(840)
Contingency	1,244,434	1,044,744		1,044,744
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	4,746,582	4,996,333	3,093,633	1,902,700
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES	(07 700)	(077 5 4 4)		0 455 550
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(27,760)	(277,511)	1,880,042	2,157,553
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out	(1 467 905)	(1 467 995)	(1 467 995)	
	(1,467,825)	(1,467,825)	(1,467,825)	
	(4.405.505)	(4 745 000)	440.047	0 4 5 7 5 5 0
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(1,495,585)	(1,745,336)	412,217	2,157,553
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	1,495,585	1,745,336	1,745,338	2
I UND DALANCE, Deginining of year	1,490,000	1,740,000	1,740,000	Z
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$-	\$-	\$ 2,157,555	\$ 2,157,555
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Lincoln City, Oregon

SEWER CAPITAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Bud			Variance with Final Budget		
	0	riginal		Final	 Actual	Posit	ive (Negative)
REVENUES:							
Interest on investments Intergovernmental	\$	11,200 -	\$	11,200	\$ 18,796 785,536	\$	7,596 785,536
TOTAL REVENUES		11,200		11,200	 804,332		793,132
EXPENDITURES:							
Capital outlay	3	3,089,990		4,289,990	 1,302,927		2,987,063
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(3	8,078,790)		(4,278,790)	 (498,595)		3,780,195
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers in	1	,250,000		2,450,000	2,450,000		-
Transfers out		(5,000)		(5,000)	 -		(5,000)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	1	,245,000		2,445,000	 2,450,000		5,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(1	,833,790)		(1,833,790)	1,951,405		3,785,195
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	1	,833,790		1,833,790	 2,091,818		258,028
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	-	\$	_	\$ 4,043,223	\$	4,043,223

Lincoln City, Oregon

SEWER SDC REIMBURSEMENT FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE FEAR END	DED JUNE 30, 204	22					
	Original/Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
REVENUES: System development charges Interest on investments	\$ 171,753	\$	215,560 7,841	\$			
TOTAL REVENUES	181,653		223,401	41,748			
EXPENDITURES: Capital outlay	1,336,225		70,628	1,265,597			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(1,154,572)		152,773	1,307,345			
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	1,154,572		1,186,709	32,137			
FUND BALANCE, end of year	<u> </u>	\$	1,339,482	\$ 1,339,482			
Fund balance - budgetary basis Balance of Local Improvement District receivable Fund balance - GAAP basis		\$ \$	1,339,482 45,333 1,384,815				
Change in fund balance - budgetary basis SDC fees assessed but not recognized as revenue on bud Changes in fund balance - GAAP basis	getary basis	\$ \$	152,773 45,333 198,106				

Lincoln City, Oregon

SEWER SDC IMPROVEMENT FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR EN	DED JUNE	<u>30, 202</u>	2				
	Original/F Budge	al/Final			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative		
REVENUES:							
System development charges	\$ 89	.999	\$	104,389	\$	14,390	
Interest on investments		,600		1,346	•	(254)	
	·	,000		.,0.10		(=0.1)	
TOTAL REVENUES	91	,599		105,735		14,136	
EXPENDITURES:							
Capital outlay	196	,959		-		196,959	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(105	,360)		105,735		211,095	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers out	(52	,568)		(52,568)		-	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(52	,568)		(52,568)		-	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(157	,928)		53,167		211,095	
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	157	,928		175,345		17,417	
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	-	\$	228,512	\$	228,512	
Fund balance - budgetary basis			\$	228,512			
			Ψ	23,747			
Balance of Local Improvement District receivable							
Fund balance - GAAP basis			\$	252,259			
Change in fund halance hudgeteny basic			\$	53,167			
Change in fund balance - budgetary basis			Φ	,			
SDC fees assessed but not recognized as revenue on bud	lgetary basis	6		23,747			
Changes in fund balance - GAAP basis			\$	76,914			
			<u> </u>	,			

Lincoln City, Oregon

SEWER BOND FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE TEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022							
	Oı	iginal/Final Budget	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)				
REVENUES:							
Property taxes	\$	1,617,209	\$	1,641,780	\$	24,571	
Interest on investments		3,000		3,257		257	
		-,		-,			
TOTAL REVENUES		1,620,209		1,645,037		24,828	
TOTAL REVENCES		1,020,200		1,040,007		24,020	
EXPENDITURES: Debt service		1,751,573		1,619,615		131,958	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES							
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND							
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(131,364)		25,422		156,786	
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		131,364		141,161		9,797	
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	-	\$	166,583	\$	166,583	
-							

Lincoln City, Oregon

RECONCILIATION OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO CHANGE IN NET POSITION - WATER FUND

BUDGETARY BASIS REVENUES AND	Revenues	Expenditures	Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures
EXPENDITURES: Water Fund Water Capital Fund Water SDC Reimbursement Fund	\$ 4,422,763 253,653 140,381	\$ 2,436,701 651,326 19,900	\$ 1,986,062 (397,673) 120,481
Water SDC Improvement Fund Water Bond Fund	53,821 1,439	- 456,610	53,821 (455,171)
TOTAL	\$ 4,872,057	\$ 3,564,537	1,307,520
ADD (DEDUCT) ITEMS TO RECONCILE TO AN ENTERPRISE FUND REPORTING BASIS:			
Depreciation			(1,317,052)
Capital asset additions Gain on sale of assets			677,535 1,897
Change in accrued interest payable			4,466
Change in accrued compensated absences			(23,191)
Net OPEB benefit			2,197 65.609
Pension expense Principal payments			464,016
Transfers out - support services			(249,019)
Transfers out			(35,008)
CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - GAAP			\$ 898,970

Lincoln City, Oregon

RECONCILIATION OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO CHANGE IN NET POSITION - SEWER FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Revenues		E	penditures	Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures			
BUDGETARY BASIS REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES:								
Sewer Fund	\$	4,973,675	\$	3,093,633	\$	1,880,042		
Sewer Capital Fund	Ŷ	804,332	Ψ	1,302,927	Ψ	(498,595)		
Sewer SDC Reimbursement Fund		223,401		70,628		152,773 [´]		
Sewer SDC Improvement Fund		105,735		-		105,735		
Sewer Bond Fund Fund		1,645,037		1,619,615	_	25,422		
TOTAL	\$	7,752,180	\$	6,086,803		1,665,377		

ADD (DEDUCT) ITEMS TO RECONCILE TO AN ENTERPRISE FUND REPORTING BASIS:

ENTERPRISE FUND REPORTING BASIS:		
Depreciation and Amortization		(1,845,214)
Capital asset additions		1,373,554
Loss on disposal of assets		(228,685)
Adjustment of SDC fees levied but not recognized as revenue on budgetary basis		(3,523)
Change in accrued interest payable		4,886
Change in accrued compensated absences		2,025
Net OPBEB benefit		1,184
Pension expense		115,591
Principal payments		1,365,249
Transfers out - support services		(182,817)
Transfers in		1,307,004
Transfers out	_	(37,230)
CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - GAAP	\$	3,537,401

Lincoln City, Oregon

INTERNAL SERVICE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Bu	dget		Variance with Final Budget		
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES: Franchise fees Intergovernmental Charges for services	\$ 23,000 200 1,028,402	\$ 23,000 200 1,103,402	\$ 21,701 - 1,078,823	\$ (1,299) (200) (24,579)		
TOTAL REVENUES	1,051,602	1,126,602	1,100,524	(26,078)		
EXPENDITURES: Vehicle maintenance Information technology Geographical information systems Contingency	338,571 628,698 128,450 66,750	413,571 628,698 128,450 66,750	383,304 552,049 122,763 -	30,267 76,649 5,687 66,750		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,162,469	1,237,469	1,058,116	179,353		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVEN OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(110,867)	42,408	153,275		
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	110,867	110,867	176,304	65,437		
FUND BALANCE, end of year	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$-</u>	\$ 218,712	\$ 218,712		
Change in fund balance - budgetary basis			\$ 42,408			
Depreciation Pension expense Net OPEB benefit Gain (Loss) from sale of asset Change in accrued compensated absences Capital asset additions			(47,422) (23,415) (75) (7,376) (3,452) 53,789)))		
Change in fund net position - GAAP basis			\$ 14,457	=		

Lincoln City, Oregon

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

GENERAL FUND

JUNE 30, 2022

	General	Agate Beach Closure	Unbonded Assessments	The Villages of Cascade Head	Property Abatement	Totals
ASSETS:						
Cash and investments	\$ 9,654,944	\$ 556,975	\$ 713,741	\$ 124,950	\$ 28,445	\$ 11,079,055
Cash with County Treasurer	51,150	-	-	-	-	51,150
Receivables	1,194,749	-	357,862	-	23,547	1,576,158
Prepaid items	275	-	-	-	-	275
Contracts receivable	600,000	-	-	-	-	600,000
Lease receivable	103,524	-	-	-	-	103,524
Advance to other funds	102,893	-	-	-	-	102,893
Assets held for sale	1,393,665					1,393,665
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 13,101,200	\$ 556,975	\$ 1,071,603	\$ 124,950	\$ 51,992	\$ 14,906,720
LIABILITIES:						
Accounts payable	\$ 181,189	\$ 3,499	\$-	\$ 2,870	\$-	\$ 187,558
Other accrued liabilities	656,958			<u> </u>	-	656,958
TOTAL LIABILITIES	838,147	3,499		2,870		844,516
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES:						
Unavailable revenue, property taxes	300,573	-	-	-	-	300,573
Unavailable revenue, LID assessments	-	-	357,862	-	23,547	381,409
Unavailable revenue, municipal court fees	40,664	-	-	-	-	40,664
Deferred inflow - leases	100,691					100,691
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	441,928		357,862		23,547	823,337
FUND BALANCES:						
Nonspendable in form	2,096,833	-	-	-	-	2,096,833
Restricted for:						
Post-closure landfill costs	-	553,476	-	-	-	553,476
Committed to:						
Capital projects	-	-	713,741	-	-	713,741
Unassigned	9,724,292			122,080	28,445	9,874,817
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	11,821,125	553,476	713,741	122,080	28,445	13,238,867
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE	\$ 13,101,200	\$ 556,975	\$ 1,071,603	\$ 124,950	\$ 51,992	\$ 14,906,720
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Lincoln City, Oregon

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

GENERAL FUND

	General	Agate Beach Closure	Unbonded Assessments	The Villages of Cascade Head
REVENUES:				
Property taxes	\$ 8,099,785	\$-	\$-	\$-
Franchise fees	1,095,183	-	-	-
Transient room tax	2,102,207	-	-	-
Fees, licenses and permits	948,559	-	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	238,980	-	-	-
Charges for services	54,080	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	825,232	-	-	-
Lease revenue	88,105	-	-	-
Interest on investments	67,053	-	13,890	712
Miscellaneous	460,746		94,107	
TOTAL REVENUES	13,979,930	<u> </u>	107,997	712
EXPENDITURES:				
Current				
General government	3,795,996	27,003	-	-
Public safety	6,104,756	-	-	-
Culture and recreation	1,060,851	-	-	8,515
Debt service	5,835	-	-	-
Capital outlay	482,407	-	51,765	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	11,449,845	27,003	51,765	8,515
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	2,530,085	(27,003)	56,232	(7,803)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	42,312	-	-	-
Transfers in	2,222	-	-	-
Transfers out	(2,173,411)			
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(2,128,877)			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	401,208	(27,003)	56,232	(7,803)
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	11,419,917	580,479	657,509	129,883
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ 11,821,125	\$ 553,476	\$ 713,741	\$ 122,080

Property Abatement	Totals
\$ - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 8,099,785 1,095,183 2,102,207 948,559 238,980 54,080 825,232 88,105 82,069 555,225
786	14,089,425
-	3,822,999
-	6,104,756 1,069,366
-	5,835
-	534,172
	11,537,128
786	2,552,297
- - -	42,312 2,222 (2,173,411)
	(2,128,877)
786	423,420
27,659	12,815,447
\$ 28,445	\$ 13,238,867

AGATE BEACH CLOSURE FUND

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE TEAK END	<u>JED JONE 30, 202</u>		
	Original/Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget P <u>ositive (Negative</u>)
EXPENDITURES: Materials and services	\$ 40,000	\$ 27,003	\$ 12,997
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(40,000)	(27,003)	12,997
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	568,792	580,479	11,687
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ 528,792	\$ 553,476	\$ 24,684

Lincoln City, Oregon

UNBONDED ASSESSMENTS FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	•	ginal/Final			Variance with Final Budget		
REVENUES:		Budget	\$	Actual		<u>ve (Negative)</u>	
LID repayments	\$	14,800 73,250	Φ	13,890 86,835	\$	(910) 13,585	
Reimbursement District repayments Miscellaneous		500		5,900 1,372	.	5,900 872	
TOTAL REVENUES		88,550		107,997		19,447	
EXPENDITURES: Capital outlay		743,138		51,765		691,373	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND							
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(654,588)		56,232		710,820	
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		654,588		657,509	.	2,921	
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$		\$	713,741	\$	713,741	

THE VILLAGES OF CASCADE HEAD

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR EN	DED JU	JNE 30, 202	22				
REVENUES:	-	inal/Final udget	Actual		Variance wit Final Budge Positive (Nega		
Interest	\$	1,400	\$	712	\$	(688)	
EXPENDITURES: Materials and services Capital outlay		40,300 91,514		8,515 -		31,785 91,514	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		131,814		8,515		123,299	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(130,414)		(7,803)		122,611	
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		130,414		129,883		(531)	
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$		\$	122,080	\$	122,080	

Lincoln City, Oregon

PROPERTY ABATEMENT

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Original/Final Budget		 Actual	Variance with Final Budget P <u>ositive (Negativ</u>		
REVENUES: Interest on investments Miscellaneous	\$	400 -	\$ 414 372	\$	14 372	
TOTAL REVENUES		400	 786	<u> </u>	386	
EXPENDITURES: Materials and services		26,608	 -		26,608	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(26,208)	 786	<u> </u>	26,994	
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		26,208	 27,659	- <u> </u>	1,451	
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	-	\$ 28,445	\$	28,445	

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Recreation Scholarship Donations received but not yet used for financial assistance with recreation programs for those in need.

Miscellaneous Trust *Miscellaneous funds held in trust - binocular receipts, fundraising for a K-9 dog,*

CUSTODIAL FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2022

	Recreation Scholarship		Miscellaneous Trust		Total	
ASSETS: Cash and investments	\$	17,569	\$	70,171	\$	87,740
LIABILITIES: Accounts payable				57,503		57,503
NET POSITION: Restricted for: Individuals and organizations	\$	17,569	\$	12,668	\$	30,237

Lincoln City, Oregon

CUSTODIAL FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

	Recreation Scholarship	Miscellaneous Turst	Total
ADDITIONS: Grants and donations Deposits held for other Interest on investments	\$ 5,631 _ 	\$ 1,425 1,782	\$
TOTAL ADDITIONS	5,740	3,207	8,947
DEDUCTIONS: Expenditures	625	46,141	46,766
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	5,115	(42,934)	(37,819)
NET POSITION, June 20, 2021	12,454	55,602	68,056
NET POSITION, June 20, 2022	<u>\$ 17,569</u>	\$ 12,668	\$ 30,237

ADDITIONAL SCHEDULES

SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAX TRANSACTIONS AND OUTSTANDING BALANCES

_	Tax Year	• • •	collected une 30, 2021	Levy as Extended by Assessor		Adjustments Discounts and Interest		Collections		Uncollected June 30, 2022	
Current	2021-2022	\$		\$	10,050,914	\$	(264,241)	\$	(9,593,192)	\$	193,481
Prior	2020-2021 2019-2020 2018-2019 2017-2018 and prior		206,218 111,657 62,171 16,589 166,504		- - - -		(13,993) (9,450) 4,614 1,789 (45,524)		(98,838) (49,393) (52,908) (15,101) (112,372)		93,387 52,814 13,877 3,277 8,608
Total prior			563,139		-		(62,564)		(328,612)		171,963
Totals		\$	563,139	\$	10,050,914	\$	(326,805)	\$	(9,921,804)	\$	365,444

ANNUAL DISCLOSURE INFORMATION

\$9,885,000 City of Lincoln City General Obligation Bonds Series 2013 Refunding

In conformance with SEC Rule 15c2-12, as amended (17 CFR Part 240, ~240.15c212), the City is providing annually the information presented in this section to all NRMSIRs and SIDs, if any.

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The City's governmental fund types are maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The enterprise fund types are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. The City's accounting practices conform to generally accepted accounting principles.

FISCAL YEAR: July 1 to June 30

The Oregon Municipal Audit Law (ORS 297.405 - 297.555) requires an audit to be made of the accounts and financial affairs of every municipal corporation at least once a year. Unless the municipality elects to have the audit performed by the State Division of Audits, the audit shall be made by accountants whose names are included on the roster prepared by the State Board of Accountancy.

The City's audits for fiscal years 2006-07 to 2008-09 were performed by Boldt, Carlisle & Smith, LLC, Salem, Oregon. The City's audits for 2009-10 to 2021-22 were performed by Talbot, Korvola & Warwick, LLP, Portland, Oregon. The auditors did not review the statistical tables and offer no opinion regarding the statistical tables.

Lincoln City, Oregon

PROPERTY TAX INFORMATION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Table 1 -- Real Market Value of Taxable Property in City of Lincoln City (1) (2)

	Real Market	Percent	Taxable Assessed	Percent	TAV as a
Fiscal Year	<u>Value (RMV)</u>	Increase	<u>Value (TAV)</u>	Increase	Percent of RMV
2012-13	\$ 1,590,620,412	-8.48%	\$ 1,253,733,405	2.30%	78.82%
2013-14	1,810,020,147	13.79%	1,521,308,480	21.34%	84.05%
2014-15	1,793,476,477	-0.91%	1,555,329,561	2.24%	86.72%
2015-16	1,871,311,539	4.34%	1,607,592,253	3.36%	85.91%
2016-17	1,945,165,287	3.95%	1,658,586,165	3.17%	85.27%
2017-18	2,030,816,701	4.40%	1,717,366,578	3.54%	84.57%
2018-19	2,189,452,424	7.81%	1,788,938,018	4.17%	81.71%
2019-20	2,348,931,759	7.28%	1,858,471,488	3.89%	79.12%
2020-21	2,483,974,016	5.75%	1,935,534,770	4.15%	77.92%
2021-22	2,889,424,742	16.32%	2,010,997,070	3.90%	69.60%

- (1) Total Real Market Values and Taxable Assessed Values include Urban Renewal Values and other offsets. Table 2 which follows, reflects Taxable Assessed Values which does not include Urban Renewal and other assets as calculated by the Lincoln County Assessor.
- (2) Includes the annexation of Roads End on July 1, 2013

Source: City of Lincoln City

Table 2 -- Tax Collection Record

						Percent
	Taxable Assessed	Percent			Tax Rate	Collected
Fiscal Year	<u>Value (3) (4)</u>	<u>Change</u>		<u>Total Levy</u>	<u>Per \$1,000</u>	<u>Year of Levy</u>
2012-13	\$ 1,044,755,460	2.44%	\$	4,283,079	4.0996%	92.78%
2013-14	1,311,973,295	25.58		5,068,668	4.0996%	93.20
2014-15	1,512,625,183	15.29		6,049,977	4.0996%	93.81
2015-16	1,563,039,653	3.33		6,407,861	4.0996%	93.82
2016-17	1,609,237,512	2.96		6,597,333	4.0996%	94.42
2017-18	1,666,937,530	3.59		6,833,895	4.0996%	94.26
2018-19	1,735,883,564	4.14		7,116,558	4.0996%	94.53
2019-20	1,802,267,032	3.82		7,388,713	4.0996%	94.61
2020-21	1,877,576,583	4.18		7,697,415	4.0996%	95.16
2021-22	1,998,247,990	6.43		8,192,191	4.0996%	95.45

(3) Excludes Urban Renewal and other Offsets.

(4) Includes the annexation of Roads End on July 1, 2013

Source: City of Lincoln City

Lincoln City, Oregon

CONSOLIDATED TAX RATES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

The following table shows consolidated tax rates for one of many tax codes located within the City of Lincoln City.

Table 3 -- 2021-22 Representative Consolidated Tax Rates for Tax Code Area 402 & 412 (1)

<u>Area</u> Within the City of Lincoln City	 x Rate for erations (2)	Tax Rate <u>for Bonds</u>			Tax Rate <u>Total</u>	
Education						
Lincoln County Unified School District	\$ 4.8781	\$	0.6594	\$	5.5375	
Linn-Benton-Lincoln ESD	0.3030		-		0.3030	
Oregon Coast Community College	 0.1746		0.2295	_	0.4041	
Total Education	5.3557		0.8889		6.2446	
Local Government						
Lincoln County	2.8024		-		2.8024	
Lincoln County Animal Service	0.1094		-		0.1094	
Lincoln County Extension	0.0449		-		0.0449	
Lincoln County Transportation	0.0968		-		0.0968	
City of Lincoln City	4.0737		0.8376		4.9113	
Lincoln City Urban Renewal Agency	0.0866		-		0.0866	
North Lincoln Fire & Rescue	1.5141		0.3220		1.8361	
Devil Lake Water Improvement District	0.1280		-		0.1280	
North Lincoln Hospital District	0.5152		-		0.5152	
Total Local Government	 9.3711		1.1596		10.5307	
Total Consolidated Tax Rate	\$ 14.7268	\$	2.0485	\$	16.7753	

(1) The 2021-22 Assessed Value to compute the tax rate of code area 402 is \$1,294,018,820 which is 64.35% of the total Assessed Value of the City.

(2) The Tax Rates for Operations are the combined Measure 50 permanent tax rates and local option levies which are then applied to the assessed Value adjusted for Urban Renewal to obtain the amount of taxes to be collected. These are not the Measure 5 tax rates which determine if there is "compression" and which are calculated using Real Market Value. Compression for 2021-22 was \$7.73.

Source: City of Lincoln City

Lincoln City, Oregon

OUTSTANDING OBLIGATIONS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	lssue <u>Date</u>	Maturity <u>Date</u>	Amount <u>Issued</u>	Amount Outstanding as of 6/30/22
General Obligation Bonds				
Series 2011 Sewer (3)	3/17/2011	3/1/2026	. , ,	\$ 2,165,574
Series 2013 Sewer Refunding (2)	2/26/2013	6/1/2030	9,885,000	7,335,000
Total General Obligation Bonds		_	16,885,000	9,500,574
Full Faith and Credit Borrowings				
Series 2014 Water (1)	4/17/2014	4/1/2024	4,000,000	865,000
Series 2018 Police Building (4)	11/7/2018	4/1/2048	10,950,000	9,915,000
Series 2018 Police Building Bond Premium (4)	11/7/2018	4/1/2048	302,721	138,672
Total Full Faith and Credit-Backed		_	15,252,721	10,918,672
Leases Payable				
2018 Sewer Vactor Truck (5)	8/1/2018	8/1/2023	355,960	168,020
2019 Water Hydro Excavator (6)	7/26/2019	7/26/2024	286,152	149,877
Police Copier			7,685	6,498
Public Works Copier (7)			7,124	5,793
Explore Lincoln City postage machine (7)			6,952	6,383
City Hall postage machine (7)			9,112	5,610
Total Leases Payable		_	672,985	342,181
Total Borrowings		5	\$ 32,810,706	\$ 20,761,427

(1) The City pays debt service on this bond from water system revenues.

(2) A portion of the 2005 Sewer Bonds were called with the 2013 Sewer Refunding Bonds. The City called the remaining 2005 Bonds on March 3, 2015.

- (3) The City pays debt service on this bond from a tax levy.
- (4) The City pays debt service on this bond from transient room tax revenues.
- (5) The City pays debt services on this financing from sewer system revenues.
- (6) The City pays debt services on this financing from water system revenues.
- (7) In FY2021-22, leases payable were added as long-term debt per GASB 87. Amount issued is the net present value as of July 1, 2021.

Lincoln City, Oregon

SDC FUNDS IN ACCORDANCE WITH ORS 223.311

	Transportation Development Fund		Storm Drainage Development Fund		Parks System velopment Fund
REVENUES: System development charge - improvement Motorcycle vehicle gas tax Miscellaneous Interest	\$	63,648 - - 4,597	\$	4,223 - - 389	\$ 153,509 7,672 782 3,685
TOTAL REVENUES		68,245		4,612	 165,648
EXPENDITURES: Skate Park Parking NE 14th Sidewalk Port to Regatta Park Dog Park NE 21st and NE Quay Ave Taft Park TOTAL EXPENDITURES		19,566 59,180 - - 78,746		- - -	 - 35,354 90,996 126,350
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(10,501)		4,612	 39,298
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers Out		(1,983)			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(12,484)		4,612	39,298
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE		817,866		66,981	 603,341
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$	805,382	\$	71,593	\$ 642,639

Lincoln City, Oregon

WATER SDC FUNDS

	Water Capital Fund	Water SDC Reimbursement Fund	Water SDC Improvement Fund	Total
REVENUES: System development charge Federal ARPA Funds Interest	\$- 232,861 20,792	\$ 137,235 - 3,146	\$ 52,302 - 1,519	\$ 189,537 232,861 25,457
TOTAL REVENUE	253,653	140,381	53,821	447,855
EXPENDITURES: SE 51st Water Upgrade Water system construction TOTAL EXPENDITURES	- 651,326 651,326	19,900 	- - -	19,900 651,326 671,226
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(397,673)	120,481	53,821	(223,371)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transers In	1,000,000			1,000,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	602,327	120,481	53,821	776,629
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE	2,415,803	496,215	239,486	3,151,504
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$ 3,018,130	\$ 616,696	\$ 293,307	\$ 3,928,133

Lincoln City, Oregon

SEWER SDC FUNDS

	Sewer Capital Fund	Sewer SDC Reimbursement Fund	Sewer SDC Improvement Fund	Total
REVENUES: System Development Charge Federal ARPA Funds Interest	\$- 785,536 18,796	\$ 215,560 - 7,841	\$ 104,389 - 1,346	\$ 319,949 785,536 27,983
TOTAL REVENUE	804,332	223,401	105,735	1,133,468
EXPENDITURES: Sewer System Construction Pump Station Upgrades	1,302,927	70,628	-	1,302,927 70,628
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,302,927	70,628		1,373,555
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(498,595)	152,773	105,735	(240,087)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers In Transfers Out	2,450,000	- 	- (52,568)	2,450,000 (52,568)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):	2,450,000		(52,568)	2,397,432
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	1,951,405	152,773	53,167	2,157,345
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE	2,091,818	1,186,709	175,345	3,453,872
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$ 4,043,223	\$ 1,339,482	\$ 228,512	\$ 5,611,217

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE <u>WITH OREGON STATE REGULATIONS</u>



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH OREGON STATE REGULATIONS

Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Lincoln City Lincoln City, Oregon

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lincoln City, Oregon (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 31, 2023. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

COMPLIANCE

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-330 of the *Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

We performed procedures to the extent we considered necessary to address the required comments and disclosures which included, but were not limited to the following:

- Deposit of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295).
- Indebtedness limitations, restrictions and repayment.
- Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294).
- Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law.
- Programs funded from outside sources.
- Highway revenues used for public highways, roads, and streets.
- Authorized investment of surplus funds (ORS Chapter 294).
- Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, 279C).

In connection with our testing, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe the City was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-330 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, except as follows:



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH OREGON STATE REGULATIONS (Continued)

Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Lincoln City

COMPLIANCE (Continued)

- The General Fund reported an over expenditure of \$43,455 in building inspection appropriations and \$5,835 in debt service.
- The Water Fund reported an over expenditure of \$839 in debt service appropriations
- The Sewer Fund reported an over expenditure of \$840 in debt service appropriations
- The City was not in compliance with ORS 294.426 as it did not provide sufficient notification to the public of the Budget Committee meetings it held on May 16, 2022 and May 31, 2022.

INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

PURPOSE OF THIS REPORT

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the City Council, Oregon Secretary of State Audits Division, and management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Talbot, Kowola & Warwick UP

Portland, Oregon January 31, 2023